Subject I.D.	
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INFORMANT INTERVIEW AT CLINICAL ASSESSMENT

INDIANAPOLIS/IBADAN COMPARATIVE STUDY And IADC - CLINICAL CORE

1. Name of Subject's Physician: 2. Sex: Male 3. Date of birth: mo day year 4. Race: White (non-Hispanic) Never Married	A.	SUBJE	ECT'S INFORMATION		Interviewer's Ini	tials:	
Subject's Name: First	Subje	ect I.D. #:			Date of Interview		Vear
City State Zip Telephone #: () 1. Name of Subject's Physician: 2. Sex: Male	Subje	ect's Nam	e: First	MI -	Last		you
Telephone #: ()	Addre	ess:	Street				
1. Name of Subject's Physician: 2. Sex: Male 3. Date of birth: remale		-	City	_	State	Zip	
2. Sex:Male 3. Date of birth: remale 8. Race:White (non-Hispanic) Never Married	Telep	hone #:	()				
4. Race: White (non-Hispanic) Black (non-Hispanic) Asian Hispanic Other (Type of residence: Private residence Retirement community Assisted living Stylean Stylean Stylean Stylean Stylean Married or Common Law Separated Midowed Unknown Yes No Living arrangements: Alone Retirement community Assisted living Skilled nursing facility Other (With spouse With family, no spouse Other (With spouse Other (With spouse Other (With family, no spouse	1.	Name o	of Subject's Physician:				_
White (non-Hispanic) Never Married Black (non-Hispanic) Married or Common Law Asian Separated Divorced Other () Widowed Unknown No No No No No No No Yes No No No No Yes No No Yes No No	2.	Sex:	Male Female	3.			
7. Type of residence: Private residence Retirement community Assisted living Skilled nursing facility Other() 8. Living arrangements: Alone With spouse With spouse & other With family, no spouse Other()	4.	W Bl As Hi	ack (non-Hispanic) sian spanic		Never Marr Married or Separated Divorced Widowed	ried	
Private residence Alone Retirement community With spouse Assisted living With spouse & other Skilled nursing facility With family, no spouse Other() Other ()	3.	Is the su	ıbject Hispanic, Spanish	n, or Latino?	Yes	No	
9. Education:years completed 10. Twin: Yes	7.	F	Private residence Retirement community Assisted living Skilled nursing facility	8.	Alone With spot	ith spouse use & other ly, no spouse	
	9.	Education	n: years comp	eleted	10. Twin:	Yes	No
How long? Secondary Occupation: How long?	11.	Seconda	low long? ry Occupation:				

First		MI I	Last				
Street			1.248	 			
City			Sta	te	Zip		
Telephor	ne #:()				÷		
Sex: _	Male Female		3.	Date of b		day yea	_ ar
Relation –	to subject: Spouse Daughtei Son			_ Sister _ Brother _ Other kin		Friend Other	
Do you li	ve with the M	/Mrs		?			Ye No Dk
How ofte	n do you see	Mr./Mrs.		?			, NA
	Daily Weekly 2-3 times a m Several times Contact prima	a year	ail or telep	hone			
How long	have you kn	own Mr./N	Игs	?			Years _
vould like	to ask you bri	efly abου	ıt yo ur edu	cation and the	e work you	have do	ne.
What was	s the highest	grade you	u complete	ed in school?		-	
What was	s your main o	ccupation	n in life?	·			
a.					_		
b.			- 				

	VIORY uld now like to ask you some questions regarding	ıg.
	(subject's name) all of these questions will apply. However, in order to gain a better understanding of ag	ing, we
neeu	d to ask these questions.	
l woul	uld first like to ask you some questions about's memory. (subject's name)	
1.	Has there been any decline in his/her memory? Is he/she not able to remember as well as he/she did in the past? (compared to ten years ago)	
	Yes	
	No. (Dan't know) Di	
	(Don't know) Dł (Not applicable) NA	
2.	Does (subject) have difficulty remembering a short list of items (e.g. shopping list or retrieving three items from another room without writing it down)?	
	No Difficulty	
	Slight Difficulty	
	Great Difficulty	<u></u>
		`
3.	Does (subject) have difficulty remembering recent events, e.g. when he/she last saw you, or what happened the day before?	
	No Difficulty	'
	Slight Difficulty	
	Great Difficulty	
	NA NA	
ļ.	Does (subject) have difficulty interpreting surroundings, e.g., knowing where he/she is, or discriminating between different types of people, such as doctors, visitors, relatives?	
	No Difficulty	
	Slight Difficulty	
	Great Difficulty	
	DK NA	
	IVA	
5.	Does (subject) have difficulty finding his/her way about at home, e.g. can he/she find his/her way to the bathroom or kitchen?	
	No Difficulty	
	Slight Difficulty	
	Great Difficulty	
	DK NA	

Memory - Cont'd.

6.	Does (subject) have difficulty finding his/her way around the neighborhood, e.g. can he/she find his/her way to the post office, market, church or other relatives/friends homes?	
	market, church of other relatives/mende nervice.	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK
		NA
7.	Does (subject) get lost/disoriented in new places?	
	For example if you take him/her to a market or shopping center are you able to go your separate ways and then meet later at an identified location?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA
8.	Does (subject) have difficulty remembering appointments?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA
9.	Does (subject) have difficulty remembering family events or occasi	ons?
		No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK
		NA
10.	Does (subject) have difficulty remembering to take his/her medicat	ions?
		No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA
11.	Does (subject) tend to live in the past?	
		No Sometimes Often DK
		NA

Mem	ory – Cont'd.	
12.	Does (subject) frequently repeat questions?	
	() / () ()	Yes_
		No
		DK
		NA
13.	Does (subject) repeat stories?	
10.	bood (dub)dot, ropodi dionos.	Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
INTER	DUITMITDIO HIDCEMENT/ACCECCMENT.	
114.	RVIEWER'S JUDGEMENT/ASSESSMENT: Is there evidence of memory problems? Do any of the responses	Yes
14.	to items # 1-13 indicate problems with memory?	No
	to home in 1-10 indicate problems with memory:	DK
		NA —
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	If NO, skip to LANGUAGE section.	
	11.10, old to 2 3100.101	
15.	How long has (subject) been having memory problems?	
		mber of months
16.	Did these problems begin suddenly or gradually?	Suddenly
		Gradually
	If other, specify:	Other
		DK
		NA
17.	Since the memory problems began, have they worsened, stayed to	he same or improved?
		Worsened
		Stayed the same
		Improved
		DK
		NA

LANGUAGENow I want to ask some questions about (subject's) language abilities.

18.	Has there been a decline in the way (subject) uses language?	
	(compared to ten years ago)	Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
19.	When (subject) is speaking, does he/she have difficulty finding the ri	ght word? No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA
20	Does he/she frequently use the wrong word?	
20.	Does hersile nequently use the world word.	Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
21.	Does he/she frequently describe an object because he/she cannot recall the proper name?	
	recall the proper hame:	Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
22.	Does he/she talk less than he/she used to?	
<i></i> ,	podo ilo, ello lamito el como la como	Yes
		No
		DK
	•	NA
23.	Is it difficult to follow and understand (subject's) conversation,	•
	(excluding physical problems that interfere with speech)?	.,
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA

Language – Cont'd.

INTERVIEWER'S JUDGEMENT/ASSESSMENT:

24.	Is there evidence of language problems? Do any of the response to items # 18-23 indicate problems with language?	ses
	to nome in the Le maiotate propieme manianguage.	Yes No DK NA
	If NO, skip to JUDGEMENT AND REASONING section.	
25.	How long has (subject) been having language problems? Record the n	number of months
26.	Did these problems begin suddenly or gradually?	
		Suddenly Gradually
	If other, specify:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
27.	Since the language problems began, have they worsened, staye	ed the same or improved?
		Worsened Stayed the same Improved DK NA
JUDG	EMENT AND REASONING	
28.	Is he/she less clear or less sharp than he/she used to be?	Yes No DK NA
29.	Does (subject) have difficulty paying attention to and understanding radio or TV programs?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK
		NA

Judgement and Reasoning - Cont'd.

30.	Does (subject) have difficulty reading written material (mail, bills, newspapers, books, magazines, etc.) and discussing the contents?		
	newspapers, books, magazinos, otor, and and and	No Difficulty	_
		Slight Difficulty	
		Great Difficulty	
		DK	
		NA	
		14/ \	~-
31.	Does (subject) have difficulty following and understanding conversation	ons?	
		No Difficulty	-
		Slight Difficulty	
		Great Difficulty	
		DK	
		NA	_
00	Would (subject) know what to do if there were a small fire in the kitche	en?	
32.	Would (Subject) know what to do it thoro more a stream of	Yes	_
		No	
		DK	_
		NA	
			_
33.	Are you comfortable leaving (subject) at home alone?	\/	
	•	Yes	
		No	_
		DK	
		NA	
.	Is (subject) responsible for taking his/her own medicines?		
34.	is (subject) responsible for taking morner own measures	Yes	
		No	
		DK	
		NA	
			_
35.	Does (subject) understand about his/her money? For example does know when it comes, where it comes from, and how it is spent?	he/she	
	[If no to any of the above mark no.]		
	[IT NO to any of the above mark no.]	Yes	
		No	
		DK	
		NA	
		NA	
26	Are you comfortable leaving children in his/her care?		
36.	Are you complicable leaving orington in the rest.	Yes	
		No	
		DK	
		NA	
		19/1	

Judgement and Reasoning – Cont'd.

INTERVIEWER'S JUDGEMENT/ASSESSMENT:

Yes No DK NA	37.	Is there evidence of judgement and reasoning problems? Do any of the resto items # 28-36 indicate problems with judgement and reasoning?	ponses
If NO, skip to PERSONALITY section. How long has (subject) been having problems with judgement and reasoning? Record the number of months		, and the same of	Yes
If NO, skip to PERSONALITY section. How long has (subject) been having problems with judgement and reasoning? Record the number of months			-
How long has (subject) been having problems with judgement and reasoning? Record the number of months Did the problems with judgement and reasoning begin suddenly or gradually? Suddenly Gradually Other DK NA Since the judgement and reasoning problems began, have they worsened, stayed same or improved? Worsened Stayed the same Improved DK NA SSONALITY Have you noticed any changes in (subject's) personality, such as the way (subject) behaves socially? Yes No DK NA If yes, please describe: Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes No			DK
How long has (subject) been having problems with judgement and reasoning? Record the number of months			NA]
How long has (subject) been having problems with judgement and reasoning? Record the number of months			
Record the number of months Did the problems with judgement and reasoning begin suddenly or gradually? Suddenly Gradually Other DK NA Since the judgement and reasoning problems began, have they worsened, stayed same or improved? Worsened Stayed the same Improved DK NA RSONALITY Have you noticed any changes in (subject's) personality, such as the way (subject) behaves socially? Yes No DK NA If yes, please describe: Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes No NA		If NO, skip to PERSONALITY section.	
Record the number of months Did the problems with judgement and reasoning begin suddenly or gradually? Suddenly Gradually Other DK. NA Since the judgement and reasoning problems began, have they worsened, stayed same or improved? Worsened Stayed the same Improved DK. NA RSONALITY Have you noticed any changes in (subject's) personality, such as the way (subject) behaves socially? Yes No Lif yes, please describe: Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes No Yes No		How long has (subject) been having problems with judgement and reasoning?	
If other, specify: If other, specify: Other DK NA Since the judgement and reasoning problems began, have they worsened, stayed same or improved? Worsened Stayed the same Improved DK NA RSONALITY Have you noticed any changes in (subject's) personality, such as the way (subject) behaves socially? Yes No DK NA If yes, please describe: Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes No Yes No Yes No Other DK NA Yes NO NA Yes NO NA Yes NO Yes NO Yes NO NA Yes NO NA Yes NO Yes NO Yes NO NA Yes NO NA Yes NO Yes NO Yes NO NA NA NA Yes No NA NA NA NA NA Yes No NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA		<u> </u>	ths
If other, specify:		Did the problems with judgement and reasoning begin suddenly or gradually	?
If other, specify:OtherOK			
Since the judgement and reasoning problems began, have they worsened, stayed same or improved? Worsened Stayed the same Improved DK NA NA SSONALITY Have you noticed any changes in (subject's) personality, such as the way (subject) behaves socially? Yes No DK NA If yes, please describe: Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes No No DK NA		If all an an arif o	
Since the judgement and reasoning problems began, have they worsened, stayed same or improved? Worsened Stayed the same Improved DK NA RSONALITY Have you noticed any changes in (subject's) personality, such as the way (subject) behaves socially? Yes No DK NA If yes, please describe: Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes No		ir otner, specify:	-
Since the judgement and reasoning problems began, have they worsened, stayed same or improved? Worsened Stayed the same Improved DK NA NA SSONALITY Have you noticed any changes in (subject's) personality, such as the way (subject) behaves socially? Yes No DK NA If yes, please describe: Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes No No Manual Character?			_
Worsened Stayed the same Improved DK NA SSONALITY Have you noticed any changes in (subject's) personality, such as the way (subject) behaves socially? Yes No DK NA If yes, please describe: Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes No No DK			NA _
Stayed the same Improved DK NA RSONALITY Have you noticed any changes in (subject's) personality, such as the way (subject) behaves socially? Yes No DK NA If yes, please describe: Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes No		same or improved?	
Improved DK NA SONALITY Have you noticed any changes in (subject's) personality, such as the way (subject) behaves socially? Yes No DK NA If yes, please describe: Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes No			
RSONALITY Have you noticed any changes in (subject's) personality, such as the way (subject) behaves socially? Yes_No_DK_NA If yes, please describe: Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes_No_			_
RSONALITY Have you noticed any changes in (subject's) personality, such as the way (subject) behaves socially? Yes_No_DK_NA If yes, please describe: Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes_No_No_			
Have you noticed any changes in (subject's) personality, such as the way (subject) behaves socially? Yes			
Have you noticed any changes in (subject's) personality, such as the way (subject) behaves socially? Yes		CONALITY	
way (subject) behaves socially? Yes_No_DK_NA_ If yes, please describe: Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes_No_No_	())		
If yes, please describe: Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes			
If yes, please describe: Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes		•	Yes
If yes, please describe: Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes			
Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes			
Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character? Yes _ No _			NA _
Yes _ No _		If yes, please describe:	
Yes _ No _			
Yes _ No _			
Yes _ No _			
Yes _ No _		Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character?	
No		a.e. a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	Voc
_			
I NZ			DK —
NA _			

Personality – Cont'd.

43.	Has (subject) become more or less changeable in mood?	No More Less DK NA
44.	Do you think (subject) is sadder now than he/she used to be?	Yes No DK NA
45.	Do you think (subject) keeps to himself/herself more than before?	Yes No DK NA
46.	Has (subject) become more or less irritable or angry?	No More Less DK NA
47.	Has (subject) shown more or less concern for others?	No More Less DK NA
48.	Has (subject) gotten involved in difficult or embarrassing situations in public because of his/her behavior?	Yes No DK NA
49.	Has (subject) become more stubborn or obstinate?	Yes No DK NA

Pers	sonality – Cont'd.	
50.	Is (subject) more agitated? Have you noticed restlessness to the point that he/she can't sit still, paces or wrings his/her hands?	
		Yes
		No
		DK NA
		14A
INTE 51.	ERVIEWER'S JUDGEMENT/ASSESSMENT: Is there evidence of personality changes? Do any of the responses to items # 41-50 indicate changes in personality?	
		Yes
		No
		DK NA
		/VA
	If NO, skip to EVERYDAY TASKS section.	
52.	How long has (subject) been having personality changes? Record the number of mont	hs
53.	Did the personality changes begin suddenly or gradually?	
	Science	uddenly
	If other, specify:	adually _
	" outor, opeony.	Other DK
		NA
54.	Since the personality changes began, have they worsened, stayed the same of	or improved?
		sened same
		proved
	·	DK
		NA

EVERYDAY TASKS

Now I	I would like to ask some questions about	_ability to perform
	(subject's name) day tasks. An individual's ability to perform can vary from day to d /her ability over the course of a week.	ay so answer on the basis
Food	Preparation	
55.	For most of his/her life, how much has (subject) been involved in	n food preparation? Greatly involved Slightly involved Not at all DK
56.	Has there been a decline in (subject's) ability to prepare food?	Yes No DK NA
57 .	Does (subject) have difficulty finding food in the pantry, cupboar or refrigerator?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA
58.	Does (subject) have difficulty planning meals?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA
59.	Does (subject) have difficulty preparing meals?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA
60.	Does (subject) have difficulty independently shopping for food?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA

Food Preparation - Cont'd. 61. Has (subject) burned food on the stove? No ____ Sometimes ____ Often ____ DK ____ NA 62. Does (subject) have difficulty preparing any simple food or drink items such as coffee, tea or cereal? No Difficulty Slight Difficulty ____ Great Difficulty _____ DK ____ NA ____ **Chores** 63. For most of his/her life, how much has (subject) been involved in household chores? Greatly involved ____ Slightly involved _____ Not at all DK ____ 64. Has there been a decline in (subject's) ability to perform household chores? Yes ____ No ____ DK ____ NA ____ 65. Does (subject) have difficulty managing to keep up with cleaning the house the way he/she did in the past? No Difficulty Slight Difficulty _____ Great Difficulty _____ DK ____ NA ____ Does (subject) have difficulty performing yard work the way he/she 66. did in the past? No Difficulty ____ Slight Difficulty ____ Great Difficulty ____ DK ____

NA ____

Chores - Cont'd.

67.	Does (subject) have difficulty performing minor repairs such as changing light bulbs, using a screwdriver, sewing?						
	inanging ignormal, sang			v		No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA	
68.	Does (subject) have difficulty	/ maintai	ining the	e laundr	y?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA	_
69.	Does (subject) have difficulty					No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA	_
70.	Can (subject) still operate ho	usehold	appliar	ices suc	ch as:		
	Stove Vacuum Dish Washer Washing Machine Clothes Dryer Radio TV Car	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	answer No No No No No No No	DK DK DK DK DK DK DK	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA		
71.	Does (subject) have difficulty	perfort	ming ho	usehold	chores?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA	_ _
72.	Does (subject) get lost more	easily w	hile driv	ving.		Yes No DK NA	

	ANCES	
I WO	uld now like to ask you some questions about(subject's name)	's ability to
hand	dle finances.	
1100110	110 III III 1000.	
73.	For most of his/her life, how involved has (subject) been in man financial affairs?	aging his/her
	•	Greatly involved
		Slightly involved
		Not at all
		DK
74.	Has there been a decline in (subject's) ability to manage his/her	financial affairs?
		Yes
		No
		DK
	·	NA
7 5.	Does (subject) have difficulty purchasing a few items at the store	
		No Difficulty
		Slight Difficulty
		Great Difficulty DK
		NA ——
76.	Does (subject) know the prices of common commodities (milk, ju	iice, etc.)?
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
77.	Does (subject) have difficulty managing a checkbook?	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	No Difficulty
		Slight Difficulty
		Great Difficulty
		DK
		NA
78.	Does (subject) have difficulty paying monthly bills?	
		No Difficulty
		Slight Difficulty
		Great Difficulty
		DK
		NA

Financ	ces – Cont'd.	
79.	Does (subject) have difficulty keeping financial records?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA
80.	Does (subject) have difficulty preparing tax information or insurance	claims? No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA
81.	Does (subject) have difficulty figuring out the amount of change due back on small items or bills?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA
SOCI	AL.	
Now I	would like to ask some questions about (subject's) social functioning.	
82.	For most of his/her adult life, how much has (subject) been involved	in social activities? Greatly involved Slightly involved Not at all DK
83.	Has there been a decline in (subject's) social functioning?	Yes No DK NA

Does (subject) participate in church or community functions as he/she did in the past?

Yes ____ No ___ DK ___

NA ____

84.

Social - Cont'd.

85. When (subject) meets the following people does he/she know who they are:

	Circle answer given:			
Spouse	Yes	No	DK	NA
Brothers, sisters or				
children	Yes	No	DK	NA
Grandchildren	Yes	No	DK	NA
Old Friends	Yes	No	DK	NA
New Acquaintances	Yes	No	DK	NA

	New Acquaintances	Yes	No	DK	NA NA	
86.	Does (subject) converse v	vith friends	and ac	quaintar	nces in an appro	priate manner?
	•				•	Yes
						No
						DK
						NA
87.	Does (subject) participate	in family c	elebratio	ns and	holidavs as he/s	she did in the past?
					•	Yes
						No
						DK
						NA
88.	Does (subject) participate in fishing) as he/she did in the		(card pl	aying, s	ewing,	
						Yes
						No
						DK
						NA
89.	Has (subject) lost any spec a musical instrument, wood	ial skill tha lworking, c	it he/she carpentr	e could p y, sewin	perform before (g, reading, pain	e.g. playing ting)?
						Yes
						No
	•					DK
						NA

PERSONAL CARE

F I If . '11
Feeds self without assistance
Feeds self with minor assistance, requires prompting
to sample all foods or prepare a plate of food
Feeds self with much assistance, has difficulty
managing utensils, often uses fingers
Has to be fed
ave difficulty dressing?
Unaided
Occasionally misplaces buttons, etc., requires minor help
Wrong sequence, forgets items, requires much assistance
Unable to dress
Ollable to diess
ave difficulty taking care of his/her personal hygiene?
Clean, cares for self at toilet
Occasional incontinence, or needs to be reminded to toilet
Frequent incontinence, or needs much assistance
Little or no control
<u>/ENTIONAL</u>
e questions regarding's use of
ns. (subject's name)
rently taking any prescription medications?
Yes
No
DK
NA
nedications and dose ifavailable:

Has (subject) taken any other prescription medication during the past six month	າຣ?
	Yes
	No
	DK
	NA
If yes, list the medication and dose:	11/7 _
if yes, list the medication and dose.	
	
If the informant answered NO to the above two questions, skip to OVER-THE COUNTER MEDICATIONS section.	
	Yes _
OVER-THE COUNTER MEDICATIONS section. During the past six months, has (subject) had any mental changes (confusion, le	Yes _ No _
OVER-THE COUNTER MEDICATIONS section. During the past six months, has (subject) had any mental changes (confusion, le	Yes _ No _ DK _
OVER-THE COUNTER MEDICATIONS section. During the past six months, has (subject) had any mental changes (confusion, le	Yes _ No _
OVER-THE COUNTER MEDICATIONS section. During the past six months, has (subject) had any mental changes (confusion, le	Yes _ No _ DK _
OVER-THE COUNTER MEDICATIONS section. During the past six months, has (subject) had any mental changes (confusion, lethat are associated in time with the use of the medications listed above?	Yes _ No _ DK _
OVER-THE COUNTER MEDICATIONS section. During the past six months, has (subject) had any mental changes (confusion, lethat are associated in time with the use of the medications listed above? If yes, record details:	Yes No DK _ NA _
OVER-THE COUNTER MEDICATIONS section. During the past six months, has (subject) had any mental changes (confusion, let that are associated in time with the use of the medications listed above? If yes, record details: Yes, completely clear	Yes No DK _ NA _
OVER-THE COUNTER MEDICATIONS section. During the past six months, has (subject) had any mental changes (confusion, let that are associated in time with the use of the medications listed above? If yes, record details: Yes, completely clear Still present but impro	Yes No DK NA ved
OVER-THE COUNTER MEDICATIONS section. During the past six months, has (subject) had any mental changes (confusion, let that are associated in time with the use of the medications listed above? If yes, record details: Yes, completely clear	Yes No DK _ NA _ ved ged
OVER-THE COUNTER MEDICATIONS section. During the past six months, has (subject) had any mental changes (confusion, let that are associated in time with the use of the medications listed above? If yes, record details: Yes, completely clear Still present but impro	Yes No DK NA ved

OVER-THE-COUNTER MEDICATIONS

Does (subject) take	any over-the-counter	medications re	Julaity :		Ye
					No
					DK
If you placed list the	ım.				NA
If yes please list the		Mana			
Name:	<u> </u>				_
Dose:					
Indication:		Indication:	······		
If yes, did (subject)	experience any side e	effects from any	of these m	nedications′	? Ye No Dk
_					1.47
	scription:		1,00		
Does (subject) have					
Does (subject) have to medicines? in general?	e any allergies				
Does (subject) have to medicines? in general?	e any allergies				
Does (subject) have to medicines? in general?	e any allergies				
Does (subject) have to medicines? in general?	e any allergies				
Does (subject) have to medicines? in general? Has (subject) had a	e any allergies				
Does (subject) have to medicines? in general? Has (subject) had a	e any allergies				,

	OHOL USE		
	ıld like to ask a few quest		's use
of ald	cohol in the past.	(subject's name)	
99.	How often did he/she o	drink alcoholic beverages?	
		ū	Daily or almost daily
			3-4 times a week
			Once or twice a week
			Less than once a week
			Never
			DK
			NA
	If anower is NEVED	akin 4. LIFECTVI E QUEGTIQUE	
	ii answei is Never,	skip to LIFESTYLE QUESTIONS	section.
100.	On those days that he/s	she did drink alcoholic beverages,	about how
	many did he/she usuall	y have? (1 drink = 1 glass of wine	/1 mixed drink/beer)
			More than 5 drinks
			3 to 5 drinks
	•		1 to 2 drinks
			DK
101.	For how long did he/she	e drink in this manner?	Years
102.	Does he/she still drink a	alcoholic beverages?	
			Yes
		•	No
			DK
			NA
	If NO, how many years a	ago did he/she stop?	Years ago
103.	How often does he/she	currently drink alcoholic beverages	;?
			Daily or almost every day
			3-4 times a week
			Once or twice a week
			Less than once a week
			Never
			DK
			NA

If answer is NEVER, skip to LIFESTYLE QUESTIONS section .

Alcohol Use - Cont'd.

104.	On those days that he/she does drink alcoholic beverages, ab how many does he/she usually have? (1 drink= 1 glass of wine mixed drink/beer).	
	mixed difficulties.	More than 5 drinks
		3 to 5 drinks
		1 to 2 drinks
		DK
		NA
105.	Have you or any other family member or close friend ever thou	ıght
	(subject) drank too much?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
106.	Has (subject) ever had to have a drink in the morning to stead his/her nerves or relieve a hangover?	У
	, ind. 1, ind.	Yes
		No No
		DK
		NA
	If the answer to either #105 or 106 is YES, complete the A	
	INVENTORY section, otherwise skip to LIFESTYLE QUES	SHONS section.
	I	1

	previous questions indicate that had or	is currently
	revious questions indicate that had or (subject's name)	
having drinki	g a problem with alcohol. I would like to ask some additionang.	Il questions about (subject's)
107.	How long has/had (subject) been drinking excessively?	
		Less than 6 months 6 months to 1 year 1 to 5 years More than 5 years
108.	Which term best describes (subject's) drinking habits in the pathree months?	ast
		Continual
		Sporadic Totally stopped
109.	Has (subject) ever completely stopped drinking?	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Yes
		Yes No DK
	Longest duration in months	_ DK NA
110.	Has (subject) ever drunk as much as a fifth of liquor in one da that would be about 20 drinks, or three bottles of wine or as m as three six packs of beer in one day?	
	as anot on paste of both in one asy.	Yes
		No
		DK NA
111.	Have you ever talked with your doctor or other medical profess about (subject) drinking?	sional
		Yes
		No
		DK NA
112.	Has (subject) ever had job trouble because of his/her drinking (e.g., missing too much work or drinking on the job)?	·
		Yes
		No
		DK NA
		14/7

113.	Has (subject) ever lost a job because of drinking?	Yes No DK NA
114.	Has (subject) ever had serious marital or family problems, such as a divorce, because of drinking?	Yes No DK NA
115.	Has (subject) ever been arrested for drunk driving or had an automobile accident while drinking?	Yes No DK NA
116.	Has (subject) ever been arrested for public intoxication or disturbing the peace while drinking?	Yes No DK NA
117.	Has (subject) ever gotten into physical fights while drinking?	Yes No DK NA
118.	Has (subject) ever gone on drinking binges or benders, where he/she kept drinking for a couple of days or more without sobering up?	Yes No DK NA
119.	How many months ago was the last episode?	Months

Alcohol Inventory - Cont'd.

120.	Has (subject) ever had the "shakes" after stopping or cutting down on drinking (for example, have [subject's] hands ever shaken so much that he/she has had difficulty holding a cup of coffee without it spilling over the edges, or has he/she had difficulty lighting a cigarette)?	
		Yes No
		DK NA
121.	Has (subject) ever had fits or seizures after stopping or cutting down on drinki	ng? Yes
		No DK NA
122.	Has (subject) ever had the D.T.'s (hallucinations or fever) when he/she stopped drinking?	
		Yes
		No
		DK NA
123.	Has (subject) ever seen or heard things that weren't really there after cutting down on drinking?	
		Yes
		No DK
		NA
124.	Has (subject) ever been hospitalized for alcohol treatment or detoxification?	
	Mark the second	Yes
	If yes, where:Year of treatment:	No DK
	Physician:	NA
125.	Has (subject) ever gone to the emergency room for any problems related to his/her drinking or while drunk?	
	related to morner difficulty of write drutty;	Yes
	If yes, where:	No
	Year of treatment:	No DK NA
	Physician:	NA

Alcohol Inventory - Cont'd.

126.

of heavy drinking. Did drinking ever cause (subject) to have: Liver disease or yellow jaundice (hepatitis)? a. Yes ____ No ____ If yes, year: _____ DK ____ NA Vomiting blood or other stomach problems (ulcers, bleeding esophagus)? b. Yes ____ No ____ If yes, year: DK ____ NA ____ Trouble with tingling or numbness in his/her feet? C. Yes ____ No ____ If yes, year: DK ____ NA Memory problems when he/she has NOT been drinking (not related to d. blackouts)? Yes ____ No ____ If yes, year: _____ DK ____ NA Inflammation of the pancreas or pancreatitis (Abdominal/back e. pain, nausea/vomiting, upper abdominal tenderness)? INTERVIEWER to indicate left side below the diaphragm. Yes ____ No ____ If yes, year: _____ DK ____ NA ___ Is there any additional information you can provide about (subject's) drinking 127. history that has not been covered in the questions already discussed?

There are several health problems that can result from long stretches

LIFESTYLE QUESTIONS

128.	Did (subject) ever smoke cigarettes, cigars, or a pipe or chew tobacc	co nearly everyday?
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
	CIRCLE: cigarettes cigars pipe chew	· · · · <u></u>
	If NO, then skip to MEDICAL HISTORY section.	
129.	Does he/she still smoke?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
	CIRCLE: cigarettes cigars pipe chew	
400		
130.	At what age did he/she start smoking?	
		Cigarettes
		Cigars
		Pipe
		Chew
		DK
		NA
104	If hotaha na langan analysa hawananya ana district	
131.	If he/she no longer smokes, how many years ago did he/she stop sm	_
		Cigarettes
		Cigars
		Pipe
		Chew
		DK
		NA
32.	Approximately how many does/did he/she smoke a day?	
02.	reproximately now many does add nessite smoke a day!	Cigarattas
		Cigarettes
		Cigars
		Pipe
		Chew
		DK
		NA

MEDICAL HISTORY

Now I would like to ask you some questions about (subject's) health.

The medical/clinical history should be asked and recorded for past and Present occurrence. Did a doctor or nurse ever tell (subject) that he/she has high 133. blood pressure? Yes ____ No ____ If yes, year: DK ____ NA Is (subject) currently being treated for high blood pressure? 134. Yes ____ No ____ DK ____ NA ___ Has (subject) ever been told he/she has heart problems such as heart disease, 135. heart attack, angina, chest pain or congestive heart failure. Yes ____ No ____ If yes, year: _____ DK ____ NA Is (subject) currently being treated for this heart problem? 136. Yes ____ No ____ DK ____ NA ____ Did the doctor describe his/her heart problem as: (check all that apply) 137. MI/Heart attack _____ CHF-congestive heart failure Angina-chest pain (put little pills under their tongue) Arrhythmia-irregular heart beat Other If (subject) had a heart attack (Myocardial Infarction), what is the year of the first 138. Year ___ _ occurrence?

Medical History - Cont'd.

139.	convulsions or falling out?	
	If yes, year:	Yes No DK NA
140.	Is (subject) currently being treated for a seizure disorder?	Yes No DK
141.	Has (subject) ever been told he/she has a thyroid disorder (e.g., hypothyroidism, hyperthyroidism, Graves disease)?	NA
	If yes, year:	Yes No DK NA
	Specific type of disorder or description of symptoms:	
142.	Is (subject) currently being treated for a thyroid disorder?	Yes No DK NA
143.	Has (subject) ever been treated for cancer?	
	If yes, year:	Yes No DK NA
	Describe:	·

Medical History - Cont'd. Is (subject) currently being treated for cancer? 144. Yes ____ No ____ DK ____ NA ____ Has (subject) ever been treated for leukemia or any blood disorders? 145. Yes ____ No ____ If yes, year: _____ DK ____ NA ____ Is (subject) currently being treated for leukemia or any blood disorder? 146. Yes ____ No ____ DK ____ NA ____ Has (subject) ever suffered a head injury with loss of consciousness? 147. Yes _____ No ____ DK ____ NA _

148. If yes, record most recent as #1:

	1	2	3	4
Age at injury				
Cause	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Number of hours of unconsciousness				
Was he/she hospitalized?				
Name of hospital				

Medical History - Cont'd.

149.	Has (subject) ever been treated for anemia (tired, low or poor blood)?	
		Yes
	If yes, year:	No
		DK
		NA
150.	Is (subject) currently being treated for anemia?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
151.	Has (subject) ever been treated for blood sugar problems?	
	If was warm	Yes
	If yes, year:	No
		DK
		NA
152.	Is (subject) currently being treated for his/her blood sugar?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
153.	Has (subject) ever been treated for diabetes?	
100.	rias (subject) ever been treated for diabetes?	Vaa
	If yes, year:	Yes No
		DK
		NA —
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
154.	Is (subject) currently being treated for diabetes?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
155.	Hop (outlinet) had any other assigns as disability	
155.	Has (subject) had any other serious medical illnesses?	
		Yes
		No DK
		NA
	If yes, please describe:	14/3
		

Medical History – Cont'd.

156.	[Interviewer may mark this based upon their own judgement, or ma question.] Has (subject) ever been diagnosed as mentally retarded?	
	questioning (100 (002)014)	Yes
	If you year:	No
	If yes, year:	DK
		NA
157.	Has (subject) ever been treated by a physician for his/her nerves?	
,01.	The (out)	Yes
	If yes, year:	No
		DK
		NA
158.	Has he/she ever had a two week period when he/she was bothered by feeling sad, blue, hopeless, down in the dumps, or that he/she did not enjoy anything?	depressed,
	sad, blue, hopeless, down in the dumps, or that the damps, or that the	Yes
	If we wear	No
	If yes, year:	DK
		NA
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
159.	Has he/she ever attempted suicide?	
100.	The treatment of the tr	Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
	If yes, please describe:	
		
160.	Has (subject) ever been treated by a physician for depression?	Voc
		Yes No
	If yes, year:	DK
		NA
MAJ	OR DEPRESSIVE SYNDROME	
161.	During the past 6 months did (subject) ever have a two-week period where he/she was bothered by feeling depressed, sad, blue, hopeless, down in the dumps, or that he/she didn't enjoy anything?	Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
	If NO skip to STROKE AND CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE section.	

Major Depressive Syndrome – Cont'd.

62.	Dunr	ng this period was (subject) bothered by:	
	a.	Poor appetite or weight loss?	
			Yes
			No DK
			NA
	, b.	Increased appetite or weight gain?	
			Yes
			No DK
			NA
	C.	Trouble sleeping or sleeping too much?	
			Yes
			No DK
			NA
	d.	Loss of energy, easily fatigued, or feeling tired?	
			Yes
			No DK
			NA
	e.	Loss of interest or pleasure in usual activities or sex?	
			Yes
			No DK
			NA
	f.	Feeling guilty or down on himself/herself?	
			Yes
			No DK
			NA
	g.	Trouble concentrating, thinking, or making decisions?	
			Yes No
			DK
	_		NA
	h.	Thinking about death or suicide?	
			Yes
			No DK
			NA
	i.	[Note to interviewer: Record based on information provided for	
		item #159. Do not ask.] Has he/she ever attempted suicide?	Voo
			Yes No
			DK
			NA

Major	Depres	sive Syndrome – Cont'd.	
	j.	Being able to sit still and have to keep moving?	Yes No DK NA
	k.	Feeling slowed-down and having trouble moving?	Yes No DK NA
163.	Does (to interviewer: Do not read this question] (subject) meet the criteria for major depressive disorder? (esponse to at least 4 of the symptoms in question #162)	Yes No DK NA
164.	or min	that time, did he/she seek help from anyone like a doctor ister or even a friend, or did anyone suggest the he/she nelp? Did he/she take any medication?	Yes No DK NA
	If the Hami	re is any suspicion of depression, physician should administer a ilton Depression Rating Scale to the subject.	
STRO Has (s	KE ANI subject)	D CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE ever experienced any of the following symptoms?	
165.	hearin	subject) ever had episodes of unconsciousness. That is, not understing, not seeing what was happening around (him/her), and later not remain had happened during the loss of consciousness? Yes (more than Yes)	membering

3troi 166.	Re and Cerebrovascular Disease – Cont d. Has he/she experienced any facial paralysis (inability to smile		
	on one side of the face, drooping facial muscles)?		
		Yes	
		No	
		DK	_
407		NA	_
167.	Has (subject) had weakness or numbness in his/her arms or legs on one side of his/her body?		
		Yes	_
		No	
		DK	_
		NA	_
168.	If YES to any of the three questions above, did this condition happen suddenly?)	
		Yes	
		No	_
		DK	_
		NA	_
169.	If YES to any of the three questions above, did this condition get better		
		a day	
		week	
	within a m		_
	did not get b		_
		DK	_
		NA	
170.	Has (subject) ever had a stroke or mini stroke?		
		Yes	_
		No	
		DK	_
		NA	_
	Year of first incident _		
	Year of most recent incident _		
	Year of the most severe incident _		~
	If NO, skip to PARANOID FEATURES section.		
171.	Did the acute episode of any incident last more than 24 hours?		
		Yes	_
		No	_
		DK	
_		NA	
172.	Was at least one incident verified by a physician?		
		Yes	
		No	
		DK	
		NA	

PARANOID FEATURES

173.	Has halsha cor	mplained of being unjustly persecuted or spied on by others?	
173.	Tias Hersite Co.	Inplanted of boing anguery party	Yes
			No
			DK
			NA
174.	Has he/she be	en troubled by voices or visions not experienced by others?	
117.	110011070110 20		Yes
			No
			DK
	•		NA
FAMI	LY HISTORY - D)ementia	
l wou	ld now like to as	k you about other members of (name of subject's) family.	
175.	Is his/her moth	ner still alive? If not, about how old was she when she died?	
			Still alive
	•	Age	at death
			DK
		•	NA
176.	Was his/her m	other ever diagnosed with Alzheimer's disease or other deme	entia?
11 0.	1100111011101		Yes
	If yes:	Diagnosis	No
	, 500.	Approximate age at onset	DK
			NA
477	Did his/hossus	other ever show any symptoms (memory problems, confusion)) of dementia?
177.	Did his/her mo	itner ever show any symptoms (momenty problems, commerced,	Yes
	16	Approximate age at onset	No
	If yes:	Approximate age at onset	DK
			NA
178.	Is his/her fathe	er still alive? If not, about how old was he when he died?	
110.	70 1110/1107	•	Still alive
		Age	at death
			DK
	•		NA
470	Was his/her fo	ather ever diagnosed with Alzheimer's disease or other demer	ntia?
179.	vvas ms/nei ta	Rile ever diagnosed many actions a disease of early demo-	Yes
	16	Diagnosis	No
	If yes:	Approximate age at onset	DK
		Approximate age at onoct	NA

Family History – Dementia cont.

180.	Did his/her f	ather ever show any symptoms (memory problems, confusion) of a	dementia?
			Yes
	If yes:	Approximate age at onset	No
			DK
			NA
181.	Were any of Alzheimer's o	his/her paternal or maternal aunts or uncles ever diagnosed with disease or other dementia or exhibit symptoms of dementia?	
			Yes
	lf yes, li	st relation:	No
			DK
			NA
182.		iological brothers does he/she have? (living or dead) (If none, go to 185.)	
183.	Were any of	his/her brothers ever diagnosed with Alzheimer's disease or other	dementia?
	• •		Yes
	If yes:	How Many?	No
		Diagnosis	DK
		Approximate age at onset	NA
184.	dementia?	s/her brothers ever show any symptoms (memory problems, conf How Many?	Yes
		Approximate age at onset	DK NA
185.	How many bid	ological sisters does he/she have? (Living or dead) (If none, go to 188.)	
186.	Were any of h	is/her sisters ever diagnosed with Alzheimer's disease or other de	
	If yes:	How Many?	Yes
	700.	Diagnosis	No
		Approximate age at onset	DK
		Approximate age at office	NA
187.	Did any of his/dementia?	her sisters ever show any symptoms (memory problems, confus	ion) of
			Yes
	If yes: .		No
			DK
			NA
			

188.	How many bio		does he/she have? (Living or dea next section.)	ad)
189.	Have any of the	nese children eve	er been diagnosed with Alzheimer	's disease or other
	demenda:			Yes
	If yes:	How Many?		No
	., ,	Diagnosis		DK
		Approximate a	age at onset	NA
190.	Have any of the of dementia?	nese children ev	ver shown any symptoms (memor	y problems, confusion)
				Yes
	If yes:	How Many?		No
	•			DK
		Approximate a	age at onset	NA
	LY HISTORY	needs to be com	npleted at the initial assessmer	at.
L				····
I woul	d now like to asl	k you about other	r members of (subject's) family.	
191.	What position	was he/she in his	s/her family?	Position DK
		·		NA
192.	Have any of hi tremor or stiffr		Parkinson's disease, i.e. marked	
	Mother		Father	Yes
	Sister		Brother	No
		er	Son	DK
	Daugna	J		NA
193.	Has anyone in Down's Syndro	the family had a ome (explain, if n	child with a mental handicap or ecessary)?	
	Mother		Father	Yes
	Sister		Brother	No
		er	Son	DK
	Байунк			NA

Family History – cont.

194.	Has anyone in his/her family	had leukemia?	
	Mother	Father	Yes
	Sister	Brother	No
	Daughter	Son	DK
			NA
195.	Has anyone in his/her family	had a heart attack?	
	Mother	Father	Yes
	Sister	Brother	No
	Daughter	Son	DK
			NA NA
196.	Have any of his/her relatives speech difficulty?	had a stroke or sudden weakness or	
	Mother	Father	Yes
	Sister	Brother	No.
	Daughter	Son Son	No DK
	Badginoi		NA
			11/1
197.	Have any of his/her relatives	had high blood pressure diagnosed?	
	Mother	Father	Yes
	Sister	Brother	No
	Daughter	Son	DK
			NA
198.	Has anyone in the family had	a nervous or emotional illness requiri	ng treatment?
	Mother	Eather	Vaa
	Sister	Father	Yes
		Brother	No
	Daughter	Son	DK
			NA

Are there any other people who help you take care of Mr./M	rs? Yes No DK NA
If yes,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Name:	
Relationship to subject:	.
Comment on care giving role:	
Name:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Relationship to subject:	
Comment on care giving role:	
Name:	
Relationship to subject:	
Comment on care giving role:	
How much do you feel the caring for Mr./Mrscarry on a normal life?	
	No Problem Some stress but tolerable
	Very stressful Can no longer cope

Questions for Informants who are Caregivers - Cont'd. 201. I have asked a lot of questions about Mr./Mrs. _____ and how he/she is doing. Now I would like for you to tell me how you are managing. (Interviewer may jot notes if needed, but should record a summary after the interview has concluded). 202. Is there anything else you would like to tell me? **INTERVIEWER'S SUMMARY** 203. Interviewer's impression and recommendations for possible follow up. 204. Interviewer's judgement on the accuracy of the information provided in this interview. Very Good Good ____ Fair____ Poor ____ Very Poor If you rate the quality of the information as poor or very poor, please explain:

Sub	ject	I.D.	

Heart Disease

			ıt
	No	Past	Current
MI/Heart Attack			
CHF			
Angina			
Arrhythmia irregular heart beat			
Other			

Medical Illnesses

	No	Past	Current
High Blood Pressure			
Heart Disease			
Seizure Disorder			
Thyroid Disorder			
Cancer			
Leukemia/Blood Disorder			
Head Injury w/ LOC			
Anemia			
Blood Sugar Problem			
Diabetes			
Mental Retardation			
Nerves			
Depression			
Cerebrovascular Disease			
Confusion & Delirium			_
Paranoid Features			
Family History for Dementia			
Alcohol/Substance Abuse			
Smoking		· · · · · · · ·	
Other			

CLINICIAN INTERVIEW	Clinician's Initials:	
Subject Name:	Subject I.D. #:	
Date: //	Phase:	P4

The purpose of the following items is to assess the subject's higher cortical functioning. These probes are designed to assess the subject's knowledge of how to perform activities of daily living. Scoring is not based on whether the subject can actually physically perform these activities.

Personal History

[Date and place of birth; education and work history; when subject moved into present home; when subject retired]

- 2 Account is coherent and accurate. Events happen in logical, historical sequence. Subject may be a little uncertain about exact dates.
- 1 Some discrepancies occur. Subject can't remember some important aspects of personal history or gives contradictory dates.
- 0 Most of personal history is vague and/or inaccurate.

Cooking/Food Preparation

[Can state favorite meal; knows ingredients and steps in preparing favorite meal; able to state what he/she recently ate]

- 2 Describes how to prepare food, ingredients needed, etc. Provides information on favorite meals. Able to state where meals come from.
- 1 Can provide information about favorite foods but cannot describe preparation of food beyond simple tasks such as making sandwich, cereal or microwave meals.
- 0 Can't describe food preparation. Has difficulty discussing favorite foods. Can't describe where food comes from or when he/she eats.

Shopping

[Knows name of local market, can describe route to get to the market; buys own food or knows the general cost of staples]

- 2 Accurate information for name of store and route to grocery store. Non-primary shopper can be a little vague about prices.
- 1 Incomplete or vague information. Doesn't recall name of store or can't describe route. Uncertain of prices.
- 0 Completely inaccurate information about location, directions, prices

Finances

[Can state where money comes from; manages own money (purchases, checkbook); knows rent cost]

- 2 Fully independent in managing own finances. Knows source of income. Writes own checks.
- 1 Requires help with money management, may write checks or balance checkbook but relative looks over for mistakes.
- 0 No accurate information regarding finances or money management. Unable to handle own money. Cannot balance checkbook.

Medicines

[Can state current medication; knows what condition each medicine is for; responsible for managing own medications; knows where medication are stored, when to take each]

- 2 Manages own medications. Knows what each medicine is for.
- 1 Has help with managing medications; e.g., relative supervises. Knows in general what the medications are for but may not be able to match each medication with each condition.
- 0 Cannot provide information about medication use.

Church/Mosque

[States name of church/mosque; can describe how to get to church/mosque; knows name of church/mosque leader]

- 2 Gives accurate information about geographic location, name of church, and name of minister.
- 1 Incomplete or inaccurate information. Doesn't know name of church or cannot describe how to get there or doesn't know name of minister.
- 0 No accurate information or completely vague answers.

Communication/Telephone

[Can dial up a close relative; knows relative's number or where it is kept; knows how to get a message across town if no phone]

- 2 Knows the number/address of relative and know how to reach relative.
- 1 Knows in general how to contact relative but doesn't know details.
- 0 Completely vague or inaccurate information

Roles

[Describes household chores; cares for young children for extended intervals single-handedly; decision making role in family or community]

- 2 Can describe household chores or activities he/she is involved in; e.g., looks after young children. If unable to physically perform chores, can describe how chores should be done (ie how to do laundry). Subject makes substantive decisions regarding his/her life
- 1 Difficulty describing household chores or activities. Reduced decision making authority (children may give substantial input). Limited childcare.
- 0 Unable to describe housekeeping needs. No longer allowed to care for young children. Decisions made for subject by others.

Organization of Home/Personal Clothing

[Home clean and tidy; dressed and groomed appropriately]

- 2 Takes responsibility for or supervises housecleaning. Home is tidy. Subject dressed in appropriate clothes and neatly groomed.
- 1 Reduced awareness of what needs to be done to keep home tidy. Does not appear as well groomed or neatly dressed as might usually be expected.
- 0 Home disorganized. Subject not wearing appropriate clothes, may be disheveled.

Recognition

[Aware of recent news items (shortages, politics, events); aware of recent weather changes; recognizes family members; knows when last contacted by study; describes personnel]

- 2 Aware of news, weather changes, contact by study personnel.
- 1 Recognizes family members but reduced awareness of recent events, weather, or study participation.
- 0 Unable to state any current events or describe recent weather. Doesn't recognize family members.

For the following items, please score as: 0=incorrect 1=correct

Short-term Memory/Concentration

- repeat: (before presenting the words, give instruction that items will be presented and the subject will be asked to repeat and remember them) # of trials:

		+ <u>1</u>
0	1	SHOE
0	1	GOAT
0	1	STONE
0	1	- season
0	1	- month
0	1	- day of week
0	1	- time of day
0	1	 president/ruler of country
0	1	- mayor/oba
0	1	Mogaji (local/family leader)
0	1	name of street/compound
0	1	- counts from 1 to 10
0	1	- counts backward from 10 to 1
		- recalls three objects
0	1	SHOE

Judgement/Abstraction/Calculation

- 0 1 What would you do if your cooking stove explodes and catches fire?
- 0 1 If you have N20(\$20) and you buy an article for N7 (\$7) and another article for N5 (\$5), how much change will you have left?
- 0 1 What is the meaning of 'Ile ni nwo ki a to so omo loruko?' or 'Haste makes waste?'

1

GOAT STONE

0

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

Afte	comp	oleting the examination, score	
	OVERA	ALL EXAMINATION ASSESSMENT	0 = Normal
			1 = Abnormal*
			9 = Not assessed
1.	Weigh	nt (fully clothed, in pounds)	
2.	Blood	d pressure:	systolic/diastolic
	a)	Sitting	/
	b)		olic > 100, THEN repeat measurement
		later in exam.	systolic/diastolic
	c)	IF available, score average of	f BPs in medical records.
			systolic/diastolic
			/
*Lis	t sig	nificant abnormal physical find	dings (e.g., arrhythmia):
			

NEUROLOGICAL EXAMINATION: OVERALL ASSESSMENT

1. Gait and posture:

		N a 1	20.1	Not
	tandem gait	Normal	Abnormal	Assess∈
	arm swing	0	1	9
	hemiparesis	0	1	9
	ataxia*	0	1	9
		. 0	1 .	9
	en bloc turning	0	1	9
	standing on one leg	0	1	9
	If abnormal, specify:			
aı.	r subjects with ataxia and/or other susp sorders, complete neurological evaluation coholism.	pected alcoho on for manife	lic neurolo stations of	ogical E
2.	Abnormal movements:			
	benign tremor	0	1	9
	myoclonus	0	1	9
	dyskinesia	0	1	9
	other	0	1	9
	If abnormal, specify:			
3.	If any one of the Parkinsonian featuneurological evaluation for Parkinson'	ares below is	present,	complete
3.	If any one of the Parkinsonian featuneurological evaluation for Parkinson' tremor (resting)	s.		
3.	neurological evaluation for Parkinson'	0	1	9
3.	neurological evaluation for Parkinson' tremor (resting)	s.		
	neurological evaluation for Parkinson' tremor (resting) cogwheel rigidity	0 0 0	1 1	9 9
	neurological evaluation for Parkinson' tremor (resting) cogwheel rigidity Bradykinesia	0 0 0	1 1 1	9 9 9
	neurological evaluation for Parkinson' tremor (resting) cogwheel rigidity Bradykinesia Significant visual or auditory impairm	0 0 0 0 ent: 0	1 1 1	9 9 9
	neurological evaluation for Parkinson' tremor (resting) cogwheel rigidity Bradykinesia Significant visual or auditory impairm Cranial nerve function:	0 0 0 0 ent: 0	1 1 1	9 9 9
-	neurological evaluation for Parkinson' tremor (resting) cogwheel rigidity Bradykinesia Significant visual or auditory impairm Cranial nerve function: If abnormal, specify:	0 0 0 0 ent: 0	1 1 1 1	9 9 9 9
	tremor (resting) cogwheel rigidity Bradykinesia Significant visual or auditory impairm Cranial nerve function: If abnormal, specify: Motor function*	0 0 0 0 ent: 0 0	1 1 1 1	9 9 9 9
	neurological evaluation for Parkinson' tremor (resting) cogwheel rigidity Bradykinesia Significant visual or auditory impairm Cranial nerve function: If abnormal, specify: Motor function* strength	0 0 0 0 ent: 0 0	1 1 1 1	9 9 9 9 9
	neurological evaluation for Parkinson' tremor (resting) cogwheel rigidity Bradykinesia Significant visual or auditory impairm Cranial nerve function: If abnormal, specify: Motor function* strength coordination	0 0 0 0 ent: 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 9 9 9 9
•	tremor (resting) cogwheel rigidity Bradykinesia Significant visual or auditory impairm Cranial nerve function: If abnormal, specify: Motor function* strength coordination tone	0 0 0 0 ent: 0 0	1 1 1 1	9 9 9 9 9

^{*}For subjects suspected as having a stroke, complete neurological examination for cerebro-vascular disease.

Neurological Examination: Overall Assessment - Cont'd.

				Not
		Normal	Abnormal	Assessed
7.	Muscle stretch reflexes:	0	1	9
	If abnormal, describe:			
8.	Extensor plantar response:	0	1	9
		Thank	Present	Not Assessed
9.	Personality changes or behavioral abnormalities (e.g., over activity, hostility, etc.	Absent 0	1	9
	If present, describe:			
10.	Patient cooperativeness during evaluate 0 = fully cooperative 1 = mildly to moderate 2 = very uncooperative 3 = uncertain or don't	at all time ely uncooper e		

FUNCTIONAL EVALAUATION

Motor			
			Not
	No	Yes	Assessed
1. Is the subject paralyzed, bedfast or wheelchair-bound?	0	1	9
2. Can the subject sit up without someone else's help?	0	1	9
3. Can the subject stand up without assistance?	0	1	9
4. Is the subject able to walk alone more than a few steps? If No, does the subject		1	9
4a. hold on to furniture?	0	1	9
4b. use cane or walker?	0	1	9
4c. hold on to another person?	0	1	9
Describe walking			
5. Does the subject report they can walk 1 block without another person's help?	0	1	9
6. Can the subject lift arms up above the head and keep them elevated for 30 seconds?	0	1	9

Vision			
7. Subject's level of vision:			
1 = blind			
2 = distinguishes light/dark only			
3 = distinguishes shapes or colors			
4 = counts fingers			
5 = distinguishes denominations of paper money			
a aroungarones denominations of paper money			
Hearing			
8. Subject hears conversational speech:			
1 = None of the time (deaf)			
2 = Some of the time (hearing loss, difficulty	h a = m		
3 = Most of the time (good hearing)	near	rug)	
to the dime (good mediting)			
Pain			Not
	No	Yes	
9. Does the subject complain of pain?	140	165	9
	U	7	9
9a. If yes, what effect does the pain have on activit	-172		
1 = doesn't limit activity	-1.		
2 = partially limits activity			
3 = severely limits activity			
9b. Where is the pain located (check all that apply)?)		
extremties			
back/neck			
abdomen			
other:			
A: NEUROLOGICAL EXAMINATION FOR CEREBRO-VASCULAR DISEASE			
This section is to be completed for all subjects with a	clin	ical	history
of stroke or cerebral ischemia.			
1. Residual neurological manifestations of stroke or cor			
1. Residual neurological manifestations of stroke or cer	ebra	l isc	
			Not
gait digturbango (hominometic en et ')	No	Yes	Assessed
gait disturbance (hemiparetic or ataxic)	0	1	9
visual field or cranial nerve deficit	0	1	9
motor weakness of limbs/trunk	0	1	9
sensory deficits of limbs/trunk	0	1	9
language deficits (dysphasia)	0	1	9
dysarthria	0	1	9
emotional lability	0	1	9
other pseudobulbar signs	0	1	9
(specify:)			
psychomotor retardation	0	1	9

other (describe:

B:	NEUROLOGICAL EXAMINATION FOR MANIFESTATION	ONS OF ALCOHOL	ISM		
The	section is to be completed for all subje	cts with a cli	nica	l hist	tory of
alco	holism.				
1.	Neurological manifestations of alcohol deficiency:	ism or associ	ated	nutr	itional Not
	delicitory.		No	Yes	Assessed
	peripheral neuropathy		0	1	9
	cerebellar ataxia of limbs or trunk		0	1	9
	proximal myopathy		0	1	
	ophthalmoplegia (with or without nystag	mus)	0	1 1	9 9
	other residual deficits	١	0	Τ	9
	(specify:	,			
C:	NEUROLOGICAL EXAMINATION FOR PARKINSON'	S DISEASE			
This		subject is	thou	ght to	o have
	inson's disease. For 1. and 2., indica	te R and L; o	ther	wise,	circle
	appropriate code.				
				.	T
1.	Tremor at rest			R	L
	Use the following codes:	Head/mouth/c	hin _		
	0 = absent	Arms			
	1 = slight& infrequent	Legs			
	2 = mild & frequent	Postural Arm	s .		
	3 = moderate				
	4 = marked	Action Arms	_		
	<pre>9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity</pre>				
2.	Rigidity				
	0 = absent				
	<pre>1 = present only with activation</pre>	Neck			
	2 = present with cogwheel component	_			
	3 = severe but full range	Arms			
	4 = severe, limited range	Legs	_		
	<pre>8 = cannot test due to severity of cond. 9 = not done for reasons unrelated to se</pre>	everitv			
	J - Hot done for rodom company	1			•
3.	Parkinsonian gait				
	0 = normal				
	<pre>1 = slow, may shuffle, no festination</pre>				
	2 = walks with difficulty, may festinate	9			
	3 = walks only with assistance				

4 = unable to walk

8 = cannot test due to severity of condition9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity

Neurological Examination for Parkinson's Disease - Cont'd.

4. Bradykinesia, body

- 0 = normal
- 1 = minimal slowness, could be normal
- 2 = mild, clearly abnormal slowness
- 3 = moderate slowness, some hesitation
- 4 = marked slowness, long delays in initiation
- 8 = cannot test due to severity of condition
- 9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity

5. Arising from a chair

- 0 = normal
- 1 = slow or needs > 1 attempt
- 2 = pushes with arms
- 3 = falls back but able to arise w/o assistance
- 4 = needs assistance
- 8 = cannot test due to severity of condition
- 9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity

6. Posture

- 0 = normal
- 1 = slight stoop, could be normal for elderly
- 2 = moderate stoop, might lean sideways
- 3 = severe stoop, kyphosis, moderate lean sideways
- 4 = marked flexion with extreme abnormality
- 8 = cannot test due to severity of condition
- 9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity

7. Stability on displacement (pull back test)

- 0 = normal (may take one or two normal steps)
- 1 = recovers-spontaneously
- 2 = would fall if not caught
- 3 = tends to fall spontaneously
- 4 = cannot stand
- 8 = cannot test due to severity of condition
- 9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity

8. Turning

- 0 = pivots on narrow base
- 1 = hesitates or widens base, but steady
- 2 = turns slowly and awkwardly
- 3 = would likely fall without aid
- 4 = cannot turn
- 8 = cannot test due to severity of condition
- 9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity

Neurological Examination for Parkinson's Disease - Cont'd.

9.	Bradykinesia, face			
4	<pre>0 = normal 1 = could be normal "poker face" 2 = mild hypomimia 3 = moderate, some lip parting 4 = complete loss of expression 9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity</pre>			
10.	Low volume monotone speech/dysarthria			
	<pre>0 = absent 1 = mild 2 = moderate 3 = severe 9 = not assessed for reasons unrelated to severity</pre>	No	Yes	Not Assessed
11.	Does examiner think subject has clinical evidence of probable or possible Parkinson's disease?	0	1	9
	If yes, give basis for diagnosis:			
	PROBABLE: a) Presence of two or more of the four major extrapyramidal signs designated in items 1, 2, 3, and 4	0	1	9
	POSSIBLE: b) Presence of only one of the four major extrapyramidal signs (items 1, 2, 3, and 4)	0	1	9
	c) Presence of two or more of the minor extrapyramidal signs (items 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10) with a severity of 2 or greater	0	1	9

COMPUTERIZED TOMOGRAPHY			Date:		
Contrast	0 No	1 Yes		day	mo year
Findings: Normal	0 No	1 Yes			
Cortical Atrophy	0 No	1 Yes			
Ventricular Enlargement	0 No	1 Yes			
Infarct and/or lacunae	0 No	1 Yes			
Hemorrhage	0 No	1 Yes			
Leucoaraiosis	0 No	1 Yes			
Other (specify:	0 No)	1 Yes			
MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING			Date:	<u></u>	
Tesla: / TR (mse	c):	TE ((msec): _	uay I	no year
Gadolinium DTPA	0 No	1 Yes			
Findings: Normal	0 No	1 Yes			
Cortical Atrophy	0 No	1 Yes			
Ventricular Enlargement	0 No	1 Yes		•	
Infarct and/or lacunae	0 No	1 Yes			
Hemorrhage	0 No	1 Yes			
Leucoaraiosis	0 No	1 Yes			
Other (specify:	0 No _)	1 Yes			
THER RELEVANT EXAMINATIONS (e.g.		, CHEST X-RA			
			<i></i>		

DIAG	NOSIS Physician's	s Initials:				
Subj	ect Name: Subjec	t I.	.D. #	•		
Date	of Consensus Diagnosis:/	J	Phase	P4		
Norm	al_	NT	V	Not		
A.	Any clinically significant impairments in specific cognitive tasks on the Cognitive Symptoms Section of the Informant Interview?	0	Yes 1	Assessed 9		
В.	Any inability to adequately meet his/her daily living needs based on Function Section of the Informant Interview.	0	1	9		
C.	Any significant decline or impairment in cognition on clinical examination (e.g., memory [orientation, object recall], language [naming, fluency], praxis [drawing, motor programs], or executive [goal directed behavior, awareness of circumstance])?	0	1	9 .		
D.	History or evidence of neurological disease with potential to affect cognition.	0	1	9		
E.	Does the subject meet criteria for NORMAL which is a NO response to items A through D?	0	1	9		
Cogn	itively Impaired (CI)					
		No	Yes	Not Assessed		
A.	At least one of the following: 1. Report of clinically significant <u>decline</u> in specific cognitive tasks on the Cognitive Symptoms Section of the Informant Interview from some previous higher level	0	1	9		
	2. Evidence of cognitive <u>decline</u> on clinical examination in one or more cognitive domains (e.g., memory [orientation, object recall], language [naming, fluency], praxis [drawing, motor programs], executive [goal directed behavior, awareness of circumstance]) from					
	some previous/presumed higher level	0	1.	9		
В.	The cognitive <u>decline</u> in 1 or 2 occurs without clear impairment in daily functioning based on the Function Section of the Informant Interview (e.g., CDR < 1).	0	1	9		
C.	Does the subject meet criteria for COGNITIVELY IMPAIRED which is a YES response to items A and B?	0	1	9		

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CI Subtypes

CIS	ubtype	<u>es</u>			
		•		~~	Not
			No_	Yes	Assessed
Α.	Prodi	comal AD			
	1.	All of the following:		_	•
		a. Presence of CI as defined above	0	1	9
		b. Cognitive dysfunction is limited to a	_	-	•
		deficit in recent memory/new learning ability	0	1.	9
		c. Memory deficit had insidious onset and	_	_	_
		gradual progression	0	1.	9
		d. Memory deficit has no other medical	_	_	_
		explanation	0	1	9
	2.	Does the subject meet criteria for Prodromal AD			
		which is a YES response to a through d ?	0	1	9
В.	Cerel	provascular CI - Post Stroke CI			
ъ.	1.	All of the following:			
	1.	a. Presence of CI as defined above	0	1	9
		b. Evidence from history, clinical examination,			
		or neuroimaging of a clinically significant			
		stroke in brain region(s) which correlate			
		with cognitive dysfunction	0	1	9
		c. Presence of a clear temporal relationship			•
		between onset of the cerebrovascular			
		disease and onset of cognitive dysfunction	0	1	9
	2.	Does the subject meet criteria for Post Stroke			
	۵.	CI which is a YES response to a through c?	0	1	9
		CI whiteh is a 120 lesponse se a silvaga e			
a	0-1	Cerebrovascular Disease CI			
C.		All of the following:			
	1.	- Cor - J-fined aborro	0	1	9
			_	J	
		b. Evidence from history, clinical examination, or neuroimaging of clinically significant			
		cerebrovascular disease which is believed			
		to correlate with cognitive dysfunction.	0	1	9
		Does the subject meet criteria for Other	-		-
	2.				
		Cerebrovascular Disease which is a YES response	^	7	9
		to a and b?	0	1	J
D.	Medic	cal Illness-induced CI			
	1.	All of the following	_	-	0
		a. Presence of CI as defined above	0	1	9
		b. Evidence from history or exam of a major			
		medical illness which could account for	^	-	0
		the cognitive deficit	0	1	9
		d. Temporal relationship between onset of the	_	-	0
		illness and onset of cognitive dysfunction	0	1.	9
	2.	Does the subject meet criteria for Medical			
		Illness-induced CI which is a YES response to			_
		a through d.	0	1	9

CI Subtypes (cont.)

CI Su	ıbtype	s (cont.)			Not
			MΩ	Yes	Not Assessed
			INO	105	повервеа
Ε.	Alcoh	ol-induced CI All of the following:			
		a second of CI and defined above	0	1	9
		h Presence in the past or currently of			
		alcohol abuse (DSM III-R criteria)	0	1	9
		C Temporal relationship between alcohol use	0	1	9
		and onset of cognitive dysfunction	U	Т	9
		One of the following:			
		a. If alcohol consumption has ceased, the severity of the CI has not worsened since			
		drinking cessation.	0	1	9
		b. Subject has continued to drink during the			
		nast three months	0	1	9
	3.	Does the subject meet criteria for Alcohol-induce	d.		
		CI which is a YES response to 1 and 2.	0	1	9
F.	Other	Substance-induced CI			
	1.	All of the following:	0	1	9
		a. Presence of CI as defined above b. Use of a substance with potential to affect	Ü	_	-
	•	mentation (list substance)	0	1	9
		Temporal relationship between use of the			
		substance and onset of cognitive dysfunction	0	1	9
	2.	Does the subject meet criteria for Other			
		Substance-induced CI which is a YES response to			
		a through c?	0	1	9
G.	Other	Psychiatric Disorder Causing CI			
	1.	all of the tollowing:	0	1	9
		a. Presence of CI as defined above b. Evidence from history or exam of a	Ü	_	-
•		b. Evidence from history of exam of a psychiatric illness which could account for			
		the cognitive deficit (list psychiatric			
		illness)	0	1	9
		c. Temporal relationship between onset of the	^	1	9
		illness and onset of cognitive dysfunction	0	1	,
	2.	Does the subject meet criteria for Other			
		Psychiatric Disorder Causing CI which is a YES	0	1	9
		response to a through c?	U	J.,	
		CIT.			
Η.		r Disorder Causing CI			
	1.	All of the following: a. Presence of CI as defined above	0	1	9
		b Evidence from history or exam of a condition	Ĺ		
		which could account for the cognitive		-1	0
		acfigit/ligt condition	0	1	9
		c. Temporal relationship between onset of the	n	1	9
	_	condition and onset of cognitive dysfunction. Does the subject meet criteria for Other		_	_
	2.	Does the subject meet criteria for volumes			
		Disorder Causing CI which is a YES response to	0	1	9
		a through c?	-		
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Life-Long Cognitive Impairment (LLCI)

Lire	-rong	Cognitive impairment (buci)			Not
]	No	Yes	Assessed
A.	been	subject has a deficit in cognition which has present since childhood and that has istently impaired his/her daily functioning.	0	1	9
	deme. or o	subjects with both LLCI <u>and</u> a superimposed ntia or other CI disorder, then the dementia ther CI disorder takes precedence and should oded.			
В.	LLCI	subtypes			
	1.	Fichical accardant	0	1.	9
	2.		0	1	9
Non-	Cogni	tive Impairment in Daily Functioning (NCI-DF)			
A.	moto:	irment in daily living caused by a sensory or r handicap or primary psychiatric disturbance ., psychosis or major depression)	0	1	9
В.	exam reca moto	ecline or impairment in cognition on clinical ination (e.g., memory [orientation, object ll], language [naming, fluency], praxis [drawing, r programs], executive [goal directed behavior, eness of circumstance])	0	1	9
C.	Subty 1.	ypes of NCI-DF Sensory handicap (All of the following:) a. A total or near total loss of a sensory modality (list sensory deficit) b. Temporal relationship between sensory	0	1	9
		1111 011110	0	1	9
	2.		0	1	9
		c. Temporal relationship between motor deficit and onset of impairment in daily living skills	0	1	9
	3.	Primary psychiatric disturbance (e.g., psychosis or major depression) (All of the following:) a. A DSM Axis I Primary psychiatric			
		disturbance (list syndrome) (b. Temporal relationship between primary	0	1	9
		psychiatric disturbance and onset of impairment in daily living skills	0	1	9

DIAG	nosis	OF DEMENT	ACCORDI	NG TO THE	DSM-III-R CRI	TERIA			27
							No	Yes	Not Assessed
Α.		ence of imp -term memoi		n short- a	and		0	1	9
В.	At l	east one of	the follo	owing:					
	1.	Impairment	t in abstra	act think	ing		0	1	9
	2.	Impaired :	judgement				0	1	9
	3.	Other dist (e.g. apha difficult	asia, apraz	of higher xia, agnos	cortical func sia, construct	tion ional	0	1	9
	4.	Personalit	ty change				0	1	9
C.	with	disturbance work or us others.	e in A and sual social	B signifi l activiti	cantly interf les or relatio	eres nship	0	1	9
D.		occurring erium.	exclusively	y during t	the course of		0	1	9
E.	Eith	er (1) or	(2):						
·	1.	examination organic fa	on, or labo actor (or :	oratory te factors) [istory, physic ests of a spec judged to be disturbance.	al ific	0	1	9
	2.	Organic fa cannot be disorder,	actor can } accounted	be presume for by an r Depress:	nce, an etiolo ed if the dist ny nonorganic ion, accountin	urbance mental	e 0	1	9
		CON	CLUSIONS A	CCORDING '	ro DSM-III-R C	RITERI	<u>A</u>		
	newe	NTIA	0 No	1 Yes	9 Insufficie	•			
	DEME		pecify the		- -				
				1 Yes	9 Insufficie	ent dat	я		•
		mild:	0 No						
			0 No .						
		severe:	0 No	1 Yes	9 Insufficie	ent dat	a		

DIAGNOSIS OF DEMENTIA ACCORDING TO THE ICD-10 CRITERIA

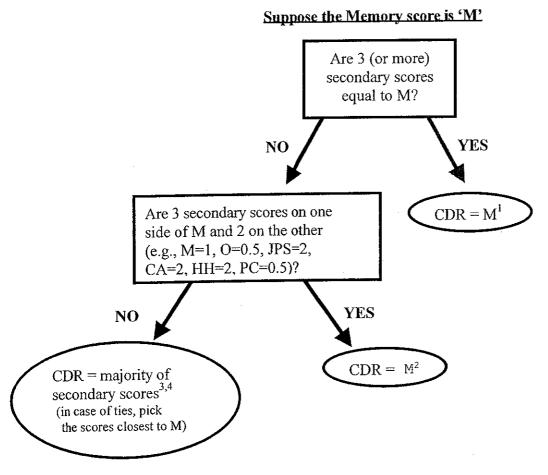
A.		Evidence of a dementia based on the presence of each of the following:			Not
	0 _ 0	··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	No	Yes	Assessed
·	1.	Decline in memory which causes impaired functioning in daily living.	0	1	9
		If YES, specify the degree of the impairment:			
		mild:	0	1	9
		moderate:	0	1	9
		severe:	0	1	9
	2.	Decline in intellectual abilities characterized by deterioration in thinking and in the processin of information of a degree such that it leads to impaired functioning in daily living.	ıg 0	1	9
		If YES, specify the degree of the impairment:			
		mild:	0	1	9
		moderate:	0	1	9
		severe:	0	1	9
В.	Abse:	nce of clouding of consciousness	0	1	9
C.		rioration in emotional control, social behavior otivation:	0	1	9
D.		urbances at point A have clearly been present at least 6 months.	0	1	9
		CONCLUSIONS ACCORDING TO ICD-10 CRITERIA			
	DEME:	NTIA 0 No 1 Yes 9 Insufficient data	ì		

If YES, sp	pecify the	SEVERITY:			
mild:	0 No	1 Yes	9	Insufficient	data
moderate:	0 No	1 Yes	9	Insufficient	data
severe:	0 No	1 Yes	9	Insufficient	data

CDR (Clinical Dementia Rating)

The global staging of dementia is based upon the Washington University Clinical Dementia Rating (CDR) instrument. In this scale, the clinician uses all available information to rate the subject's performance in each of six cognitive categories: Memory(M), Orientation(O), Judgement and Problem Solving(JPS), Community Affairs(CA), Home and Hobbies(HH), and Personal Care(PC). However, Memory is the primary category; all others are secondary. If aphasia is a serious complication and interferes with accurate staging of the illness, appendix A may be useful.

To assign a CDR score, use the following flowchart.



Special cases:

- $1 \quad M = 0$; 2 or more secondary scores greater than 0 \rightarrow CDR = 0.5
- 2 M = 0.5; 3 or more secondary scores greater than or equal to 1 \rightarrow CDR = 1
- 3 M > 0; majority of secondary scores equal 0 \rightarrow CDR = M
- ⁴ Two secondary scores less than M; two greater than M; one = M → CDR = M

	ıg				_		
Memory	Orientation	Judgement and Problem Solving	Community Affairs	Home and Hobbies	Personal Care		
None (0) No memory loss or slight, inconstant forgetfulness	Fully oriented	Solves everyday problems well; judgement good in relation to past performance	Independent function at usual level in job, shopping, business and financial affairs, volunteer and social groups	Life at home, hobbies, intellectual interests well maintained	Fully capable of self care		
Questionable (0.5) Consistent slight forgetfulness; partial recollection of events; "benign forgetfulness	Fully oriented Except for slight difficulty with time relationships	Slight impairment in solving problems, similarities, differences	Slight impairment in these activities	Life at home hobbies, intellectual interests slightly impaired	Fully capable of self care		
Moderate memory loss; more marked for recent events; (1) defect interferes with everyday activities	Moderate difficulty with time relation- ships; oriented for place at examination; may have geographic disorientation elsewhere	Moderate difficulty in handling problems, similarities, differences; social judgement usually maintained	Unable to function independently at these activities though may still be engaged in some; appears normal to casual inspection	Mild but definite impairment of function at home; more difficult chores abandoned; more complicated hobbies and interests abandoned	Needs prompting		
Moderate (2) Severe memory loss; only highly learned material retained; new material rapidly lost	Severe difficulty with time relationships; usually disoriented in time, often to place	Severely impaired in handling problems, similarities, differences: social judgement usually impaired	No pretense of independent function outside home. Appears well enough to be taken to functions outside family home	Only simple chores preserved, very restricted interests, poorly sustained	Requires assistance in dressing, hygiene, keeping of personal effects		
Severe memory loss; only fragments remain Severe (3)	Oriented to person only	Unable to make judgements or solve problems	No pretense of independent function outside home. Appears too ill to be taken to functions outside family home	No significant function in home	Requires much help with personal care; frequent incontinence		
Subitem scores							
Although rules for assigning CDR stages beyond CDR 3 have not been established, the following have been proposed to distinguish additional levels of impairment in advanced dementia: Speech usually unintelligible or irrelevant; unable to follow simple instructions or comprehend commands; Occasionally recognizes spouse or caregiver. Uses fingers more than utensils, requires much assistance. Frequently incontinent despite assistance or training. Able to walk a few steps with help; usually chair-bound; rarely out of home or residence; purposeless movements often present. No response or comprehension. No recognition. Needs to be fed, may have NG tube and/or swallowing difficulties. Total incontinence. Bedridden. Unable to sit or stand, contractures.							
Current Staging of Dementia: (Use algorithm on previous p	0.5 =>Ui	o Dementia ncertain or eferred diagnosis fild Dementia	2 => Modera 3 => Severe I 4 => Profoun 5 => Termina	Dementia Id Dementia			

CONCLUSIONS ON THE DIAGNOSIS OF DEMENTIA

Is Dementia diagnosed according to both DSM-III-R and ICD-10 criteria?
0 No 1 Yes 9 Insufficient data

If dementia is diagnosed, continue with the "Diagnosis of Dementia Subtypes".

DIAGNOSIS OF DEMENTIA SUBTYPES

DIAGNOSTIC IMPRESSION: SPECIFIC TYPES OF AD

A. PROBABLE AD

1.	The o	criteria for this diagnosis are:			
- •	2220				Not
			No_	Yes	Assessed
	a. ု	Meets DSM-III-R criteria for dementia	0	1	9
	b.	Meets ICD-10 criteria for dementia	0	. 1	9
	C.	Gradual onset and progression of cognitive deficits for a period of at six months	0	1	9
	d.	Absence of altered consciousness	0	1	9
	e.	Absence of other disorders contributing to dementia	0	1	9 .
2.	this	the subject meet all of the above criteria for diagnosis (i.e. a YES response to items a ugh e)?	0	1	9

NINCDS Criteria

A.	POSSI	IBLE AD, I	No	Yes	Not Assessed
1.	The o	criteria for this diagnosis are:	NO	105	Assessed
	a.	Dementia Syndrome	0	1	9
	b.	At least one of:			
	•	Atypical onset (list)	0	1	9
		Atypical AD presentation If yes, please specify:	0	1	9
		Major aphasia	0	1	9
		Major agnosia/visual perceptive symptoms	0	1	9
		Major apraxia	0	1	9
		Major behavioral disability or psychotic manifestations	0	1	. 9
		Other (list)	0	1	9
		Atypical course (list)	0	1	9
	c.	Absence of other disorders contributing to dementia	0	1	9
2.	Does diagr	the subject meet all of the criteria for this nosis (i.e., a YES response to items ${f a}$ through ${f c}$)	; 0	1.	9
в.	POSSI	IBLE AD, II			Not
1.		criteria for this diagnosis are:	No	Yes	Assessed
	a.	Dementia Syndrome	0	1	9
	b.	Typical AD presentation	0	1	9
	C.	Presence of other systemic or brain disorder sufficient to produce dementia but not considere to be the cause of dementia in this subject If yes, list	0 ed 	1	9
2.	Does diagr	the subject meet all of the criteria for this nosis (i.e., a YES response to items ${f a}$ through ${f c}$)	? 0	1	9

DIAGNOSTIC IMPRESSION: NON-AD DEMENTING DISORDERS

If the subject's dementia is PROBABLE AD, COMPLICATED BY OTHER DEMENTING DISORDER(S) or if the subject is thought to have NON-AD DEMENTIA, complete all applicable sections below. The diagnostic criteria for the most common non-AD disorders are detailed in sections I-V. The remaining disorders (Section VI) generally depend on laboratory diagnosis (e.g., hypothyroidism, B-12 deficiency) or are infrequent (e.g., Pick's disease).

I. VASCULAR DEMENTIA

- A. Probable Vascular Dementia
- 1. The criteria for this diagnosis are:

				NOL
		No	Yes	Assessed
a.	Presence of dementia at a level of CDR 0.5 or greater	0	1	9
b.	Sufficient cognitive deficit in two or more of the following areas to impair function in every activities (e.g., social, occupations) relative past performance:	lay to		
	Orientation	0	1	9
	Language/speech disability	0	1	9
	Psychomotor retardation	0	1	9
	Executive function/perseveration	0	1	9
	Personality/mood changes	0	1	9
	Visuospatial function/apraxia	0	1	9
	Other non-memory area	0	1	9
	(specify:)			
C.	History of prior focal cerebrovascular event(s), i.e., brain infarct, hemorrhage, or Tl	0 :A	1	9
d.	Relatively sudden/subacute onset or stepwise progression of cognitive deficits for one year or more, linked temporally to cerebrovascular episode(s)	0	1	9
е.	Presence of <u>focal</u> CNS signs, e.g., motor weakness, sensory, visual, or speech deficits	0	1	9
the	s the subject meet all of the above criteria for diagnosis (i.e., a YES response to items a bugh e)?	0	1	9

Not

2.

B. POSSIBLE VASCULAR DEMENTIA

1.	The	criteria	for	the	diagnosis	are:
----	-----	----------	-----	-----	-----------	------

بساست	1110	01100114 101 0118 4245			Not
			No	Yes	Assessed
	a.	A YES response to items a and b in section A.1 above	0	1	9
	b.	History of cardiovascular or hypertensive disease or generalized vascular disorders with likely prior episodes of nonfocal cerebral ischemia (e.g., syncope, fainting spells, drop attacks)	0	1	9
	c.	Presence of non-focal neurological signs, e.g., dysarthria, dysphagia, emotional lability, psychomotor retardation	0	1	9
	d.	Supportive neuroimaging findings, i.e., multiple infarcts or punctate (lacunar) lesions	0	1	9
	e.	Temporal relation between non-focal cerebral ischemic event (listed in ${\bf b}$ above) and onset of dementia.	0	1	9
2.	Does diag	the subject meet all of the criteria for the nosis (i.e., a YES response to items a through e?	0	1	9
c.	(e.g	UAL CAUSES OF VASCULAR DEMENTIA . Binswanger's disease, cerebral ischemia) ribe:	0	1	9

D. FOR SUBJECTS WITH A DIAGNOSIS OF VASCULAR DEMENTIA, SUBTYPE ACCORDING TO ICD-10 CRITERIA

Vascular Dementia:

ular Demencia.		Ins	sufficient
	<u>No</u>	Yes	Data
Acute onset	0	1	9
Multi-Infarct	0	1	9
Subcortical	0	1.	9
Mixed cortical and subcortical	0	1	9

II.	THE I	DEMENTIA SYNDROME OF DEPRESSION			
1.	The o	criteria for the diagnosis are:	No	Yes	Not Assessed
	a.	Presence of dementia at a level of CDR 0.5 or greater	<u>No</u> 0	1	9
	b.	During the two weeks prior to examination,	0	1	9
		subject has experienced daily 5 or more depression symptoms			
	c.	Onset or worsening of dementia temporally related to depression	0	1	9
	d.	Depression considered to be sufficiently severe to cause most of subject's cognitive impairment	0	1	9
2.	Does diag	the subject meet all of the criteria for this nosis (i.e., a YES response to items ${f a}$ through ${f d}$)?	0	1	9
III.	DRUG	-RELATED DEMENTIA			
A. 1.		ABLE ADVERSE COGNITIVE EFFECTS OF DRUGS OR OTHER Scriteria for the diagnosis are:	SUBST	PANCE	5
	a.	Presence of dementia at a level of CDR 0.5 or greater	0	1	9
	b.	A history of use of psychoactive substances during the six months prior to this evaluation which resulted in two or more of the clinical manifestations listed in clinical history	0	1	9
	C.	Mental changes developed during the use of the substance or within six weeks of the cessation of its use.	0	1	9
2.	Does diag	the subject meet all of the criteria for this nosis (i.e., a YES response to items a through c)?	9	1	9
в.	POSS	IBLE ADVERSE COGNITIVE EFFECTS OF DRUGS OR OTHER S	SUBST	'ANCE	3
1.	The	criteria for this diagnosis are: A YES answer to a <u>and</u> c above;	0	1	9
	b.	History of psychoactive substances during the six months prior to this evaluation, which resulted in one of the clinical manifestations listed in clinical history	0	1	9
2.	Does diag	the subject meet all of the criteria for this nosis (i.e., a YES answer to items a and b)?	0	1	9

IV. ALCOHOL-RELATED DEMENTIA

A. PROBABLE ALCOHOLIC DEMENTIA

					Not
			No	Yes	<u>Assessed</u>
1.	The o	criteria for this diagnosis are:			
	a.	Presence of dementia at a level of CDR 0.5 or greater	0_	1	9
	b.	History of heavy prolonged use of alcohol sufficient to meet DSM-III-R criteria for alcohol dependence	0	1	9
	C.	Presence of dementia during drinking and for at least three months after cessation of alcohol intake	0	1.	9
	d.	The severity of the dementia has not worsened since drinking cessation	0	, 1	9
2.	Does diagr	the subject meet all of the criteria for this nosis (i.e., a YES response to items a through d)?	0	1	9
в.	POSSI	IBLE ALCOHOLIC DEMENTIA			
1.	The o	criteria for this diagnosis are:			
	a.	A YES response to items a through c above	0	1	9
	b.	Subject has continued to drink in the past three months	0	1	9
2.	Does diagr	the subject meet all of the criteria for this nosis (i.e., a YES response to items a and b)?	0	1	9

All subjects with this diagnosis must have completed neurological evaluation for alcoholism.

V. DEMENTIA SYNDROME OF PARKINSON'S DISEASE

Α.	PROBAI	BLE PARKINSON'S DEMENTIA	NT-0	Vog	Not Assessed
-	m)	riteria for this diagnosis are:	<u>No</u>	Yes	Арасраси
1.	a. :	Presence of dementia at a level of CDR 0.5 or greater	0	1	9
•	1	Absence within previous six months of medications capable of inducing extrapyramidal side effects	0	. 1	9
		An established temporal relationship between Parkinson's disease and dementia, i.e., onset of Parkinson's disease occurred one year or more before dementia was recognized	0	1	9
		At least two of the four major extrapyramidal signs were found on examination, with a severity of 2 or greater	0	1	9
2.	Does diagn	the subject meet all of the criteria for this osis (i.e., a YES response to items a through d)?	0	1	9
в.	POSSI	BLE PARKINSON'S DEMENTIA			
1.	The c	riteria for this diagnosis are:			
	a.	Presence of dementia with or without memory loss	0	1	9
	b.	Absence within previous six months of medication capable of inducing extrapyramidal side effects	0	1	9
	С.	An established temporal relationship between Parkinson's disease and dementia; i.e., onset of Parkinson's disease occurred one year or more before dementia was recognized	0	1	9
	d.	Only one of the four major extrapyramidal signs were found on examination, with a severity of 2 or greater	0	1	9
	e.	Two or more of the minor signs of extra- pyramidal dysfunction were found on examination, with a severity rating of 2 or greater	0	1	9
2.	Does diag	the subject meet all of the criteria for this nosis (i.e., a YES response to items a through e)	?) 1	9

VI. Dementia with Lewy Bodies (DLB). Adapted from McKeith et al. Neurology 1996; 47: 113-1124 and McKeith et al. Neurology 1999; 53: 902-905.

				Not
1.	Meets DSM-IV criteria for dementia. (Note: Memory loss need not be prominent early; deficits in attention, executive, and/or visuospatial abilities may be prominent early.)	<u>No</u> 0	<u>Yes</u>	Assessed 9
2.	Two or more of the following:	0	1	9
	 a. Fluctuating cognition with pronounced variations in attention and alertness. 	0	1	9
	b. Recurrent visual hallucinations that are typically well formed and detailed.	0	1	9
	c. Spontaneous features of parkinsonism. Onset of parkinsonism should not precede the onset of dementia by more than 12 months (if motor findings precede dementia by more than 12 months, consider PD dementia).	0	1	
3.	Absence of medications or other illnesses which are thought to cause or exacerbate the cognitive, hallucinatory, motor, or behavioral symptoms.	0	1	9
4.	Probable DLB. A YES response to criteria #1, #2, and #3.	0	1	9
5.	Possible DLB Type I (incomplete presentation). A YES response to criteria #1, at least one item in criteria #2, and a YES response to criteria #3.	0	1	9
6.	Possible DLB Type II (possible co-morbidity). A YES response to criteria #1, at least one item in criteria #2, and a NO response to criteria #3.	0	1	9
7.	Please code presence of these supportive features:			
	 a. Repeated falls. b. Syncope. c. Transient loss of consciousness. d. Neuroleptic sensitivity. e. Systematized delusions. f. Hallucinations in other modalities. g. REM sleep disorder. h. Clinical depression or score of 11+ on GDS. 	0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9

VII.		R DEMENTING DISORDERS (and conditions that may be confused dementia). Encircle the appropriate item(s) below and the basis for diagnosis in space provided below:
	Α.	Thyroid disease
	В.	B-12 deficiency
	C.	Creutzfeld-Jakob disease
	D.	Head Trauma
	Ε.	Down Syndrome
	F.	Mental Retardation
	G.	Psychiatric disorder (Other than depression)
	Н.	Pick's disease
i e	I.	Huntington's disease
	J.	HIV
	К.	Extrapyramidal disorders (e.g., progressive supranuclear palsy (PSP), Shy-Drager, striatal nigral degeneration)
	L.	Other neurologic, medical diagnosis (e.g., brain tumor, multiple sclerosis, metabolic disease, CNS infection, normal pressure hydrocephalus, etc.)
	M	Non-specific dementia

DELIRIUM/CONFUSION

1.	The	The criteria for this diagnosis are:			Not
	a.	Impairment of consciousness (i.e., reduced clarity of awareness of the environment) with reduced ability to focus, sustain or shift attention.	<u>No</u> 0	res 1	Assessed 9
	b.	Changes in cognitive (such as memory deficit, disorientation, language disturbance, perceptual disturbance) that are not better accounted for by a pre-existing, established or evolving dementia.		1	9 .
	ċ.	The disturbance develops over a short period of time (usually hours to days) and tends to fluctuate over the course of the day.	0	1	9
	d.	There is evidence from the history, physical examination, or laboratory findings of a medical condition judged to be etiologically related to the disturbance.	0	1	9
	e.	There is evidence from the history, physical examination or laboratory findings of substance use and the symptoms developed during intoxicatio with or withdrawal from the substance.	0 n	1	9
2.	diagn	the subject meet all the criteria for this nosis (i.e., a YES answer to items a, b, c either d or e)?	0	1	9