Subject I.D.

INFORMANT INTERVIEW AT CLINICAL ASSESSMENT

INDIANAPOLIS/IBADAN COMPARATIVE STUDY

And

IADC - CLINICAL CORE

PROJECT 2009

{Use for initial and follow-up visits}

2 July 2009

d:\alz/Public/StudyDocuments/2009/Clinicals/Instruments/CAInf2009

Α.	SUBJE	ECT'S INFORMATION			Interviewer's Ir	nitials	:		
Subjec	xt I.D. #:				Date of Intervie	ew:	mo	day	year
Subjec	t's Nam	ie: First	MI		Last				
Addres	SS:	Street							
		City			State		Zip)	-
Teleph	ione #:	()							
1.	Name	of Subject's Physician:							
2.	Sex:	Male Female		3.	Date of birth:		day		
4.	E A H	Vhite (non-Hispanic) Black (non-Hispanic) Asian Hispanic Other ()			5. Marital Never Ma Married of Separate Divorced Widoweo Unknowr	arriec or Co d	1	n Law	
6.	Is the s	subject Hispanic, Spanis	h, or L	atino?	Yes		No		
7.		f residence: Private residence Retirement community Assisted living Skilled nursing facility Other(_)	8.	Living arranger Alone With sp With fa Other (With bouse mily,	spou & otl no sp	ner ouse	_)
9.	Educat	tion: years com	pleted	ł	10. Twin:		_Yes	-	No
11.	Primar	y Occupation:							
		How long?							
	Secon	dary Occupation:							
		How long?							

B. INFORMANT INFORMATION

1.	First	MI Last		-	
	Street				
	City		State	Zip	
	Telephone #:()				
2.	Sex: Male Female		3. Date of	birth: moday	
4.	Relation to subject: Spouse Daughte Son	r	Sister Brother Other kin		nd ther
5.	Do you live with the N	1r./Mrs	?		Yes No DK NA
6.	How often do you see	e Mr./Mrs	?		
	Daily Weekly 2-3 times a n Several times Contact prim	s a year	r telephone		
7.	How long have you kr	nown Mr./Mrs.	?		Years
Now I	would like to ask you b	riefly about yo	ur education and	the work you hav	e done.
8.	What was the highest	t grade you co	mpleted in school	l?	
9.	What was your main o	occupation in I	ife?		
	a				
	b				
10.	How would you rate y	our general he	ealth?		
	Excelle	ent	Good	Fair Poo	r

MEMORY

l would	now like to ask you some questions regarding	's functioning.
	(subject's name) of these questions will apply. However, in order to gain a better o ask these questions.	understanding of aging, we
l would	first like to ask you some questions about(subject's name)	's memory.
1.	Has there been any decline in his/her memory? Is he/she not a as well as he/she did in the past? (compared to ten years ago)	Yes
		No (Don't know) DK (Not applicable) NA
2.	Does (subject) have difficulty remembering a short list of items (list or retrieving three items from another room without writing it	
3.	Does (subject) have difficulty remembering recent events, e.g. w he/she last saw you, or what happened the day before?	vhen No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA
4.	Does (subject) have difficulty interpreting surroundings, e.g., knd he/she is, or discriminating between different types of people, su doctors, visitors, relatives?	
5.	Does (subject) have difficulty finding his/her way about at home, e.g. can he/she find his/her way to the bathroom or kitchen?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA

Memory – Cont'd.

6.	Does (subject) have difficulty finding his/her way around the neighborhood, e.g. can he/she find his/her way to the post office, market, church or other relatives/friends homes?	
		No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA
7.	Does (subject) get lost/disoriented in new places?	
	For example if you take him/her to a market or shopping center are you able to go your separate ways and then meet later at an identified location?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA
8.	Does (subject) have difficulty remembering appointments?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA
9.	Does (subject) have difficulty remembering family events or occasion	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA
10.	Does (subject) have difficulty remembering to take his/her medication	ns? No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA
11.	Does (subject) tend to live in the past?	
		No Sometimes Often DK NA

Memory – Cont'd.

13.

12. Does (subject) frequently repeat questions?

Yes No DK
NA
Yes No DK

NA _____

INTERVIEWER'S JUDGEMENT/ASSESSMENT:

Does (subject) repeat stories?

14.	Is there evidence of memory problems? Do any of the responses	Yes
	to items # 1-13 indicate problems with memory?	No
		DK
		NA

If NO, skip to LANGUAGE section.

15. How long has (subject) been having memory problems? Record the number of months _____

16. Did these problems begin suddenly or gradually?	Suddenly
	Gradually
If other, specify:	Other
	DK
	NA

17. Since the memory problems began, have they worsened, stayed the same or improved?

Worsened	
Stayed the same	
Improved	
DK	
NA	

LANGUAGE Now I want to ask some questions about (subject's) language abilities.

18.	Has there been a decline in the way (subject) uses language?
	(compared to ten years ago)

	(compared to ten years ago)	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
19.	When (subject) is speaking, does he/she have difficulty finding the ri	abt word?
10.		No Difficulty
		Slight Difficulty
		Great Difficulty
		DK
		NA
		NA
20.	Does he/she frequently use the wrong word?	
20.	Does ne/she nequently use the wrong word?	Vac
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
21.	Does he/she frequently describe an object because he/she cannot	
21.	recall the proper name?	
		Vac
		Yes
		DK
		NA
22	Deep he/she tall/ less than he/she used to?	
22.	Does he/she talk less than he/she used to?	Vaa
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
00	le it difficult to follow and understand (subjects) conversation	
23.	Is it difficult to follow and understand (subject's) conversation,	
	(excluding physical problems that interfere with speech)?	V
		Yes

Yes	
No	
DK	
NA	

Language – Cont'd.

INTERVIEWER'S JUDGEMENT/ASSESSMENT:

24. Is there evidence of language problems? Do any of the responses to items # 18-23 indicate problems with language?

Yes	
No	
DK	
NA	

If NO, skip to JUDGEMENT AND REASONING section.

25. How long has (subject) been having language problems?

Record the number of months _____

26. Did these problems begin suddenly or gradually?

problems begin sudderly of gradual	iiy :
	Suddenly
	Gradually
If other, specify:	Other
	DK
	NA

27. Since the language problems began, have they worsened, stayed the same or improved?

Worsened	
Stayed the same	
Improved	
DK	
NA	

JUDGEMENT AND REASONING

28. Is he/she less clear or less sharp than he/she used to be?

Yes	
No	
DK	
NA	

29. Does (subject) have difficulty paying attention to and understanding radio or TV programs?

No Difficulty	
Slight Difficulty	
Great Difficulty	
DK	
NA	

Judgement and Reasoning – Cont'd.

30.	Does (subject) have difficulty reading written material (mail, bills,
	newspapers, books, magazines, etc.) and discussing the contents?

	No Di	fficulty
	Slight Di	fficulty
	Great Di	fficulty
		DK
		NA
31.	Does (subject) have difficulty following and understanding conversations?	
		fficulty
		fficulty
		fficulty
		DK
		NA
		· · · · ·
32.	Would (subject) know what to do if there were a small fire in the kitchen?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
33.	Are you comfortable leaving (subject) at home alone?	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
		· · · · ·
34.	Is (subject) responsible for taking his/her own medicines?	
•		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
35.	Does (subject) understand about his/her money? For example does he/she know when it comes, where it comes from, and how it is spent?	
	[If no to any of the above mark no.]	Voc
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
26	Are you comfortable leaving children in his/her eare?	
36.	Are you comfortable leaving children in his/her care?	Vac
		Yes
		No

Judgement and Reasoning – Cont'd.

INTERVIEWER'S JUDGEMENT/ASSESSMENT:

37. Is there evidence of judgement and reasoning problems? Do any of the responses to items # 28-36 indicate problems with judgement and reasoning?

Yes	
No	
DK	
NA	

If NO, skip to PERSONALITY section.

38. How long has (subject) been having problems with judgement and reasoning?

Record the number of months _____

39. Did the problems with judgement and reasoning begin suddenly or gradually?

	Suddenly
	Gradually
If other, specify: _	Other
	DK
	NA

40. Since the judgement and reasoning problems began, have they worsened, stayed the same or improved?

Worsened	
Stayed the same	
Improved	
DK	
NA	

PERSONALITY

41. Have you noticed any changes in (subject's) personality, such as the way (subject) behaves socially?

lf yes,	please	describe:

42. Has there been any noticeable exaggeration in (subject's) normal character?

Yes	
No	
DK	
NA	

Yes ____ No ____ DK ____ NA

Personality – Cont'd.

43.	Has (subject) become more or less changeable in mood?	
		No
		More
		Less
		DK
		NA
44.	Do you think (subject) is sadder now than he/she used to be?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
45.	Do you think (subject) keeps to himself/herself more than before?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
46.	Has (subject) become more or less irritable or angry?	
		No
		More
		Less
		DK
		NA
47	lies (subject) shows more at less soneers for others?	
47.	Has (subject) shown more or less concern for others?	No
		No
		More
		Less
		DK NA
		NA
48.	Has (subject) gotten involved in difficult or embarrassing situations in public because of his/her behavior?	
	וו אושטויט שבטמעשב טו וושרובו שבוומיוטו :	Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
		INA
49.	Has (subject) become more stubborn or obstinate?	
		Yes
		No
		DK

DK _____ NA _____

Personality - Cont'd.

50. Is (subject) more agitated? Have you noticed restlessness to the point that he/she can't sit still, paces or wrings his/her hands?

INTERVIEWER'S JUDGEMENT/ASSESSMENT:

51. Is there evidence of personality changes? Do any of the responses to items # 41-50 indicate changes in personality?

Yes	
No	
DK	
NA	

Yes _____ No ____ DK ____ NA

If NO, skip to EVERYDAY TASKS section.

52. How long has (subject) been having personality changes? Record the number of months _____

53. Did the personality changes begin suddenly or gradually?

	Suddenly Gradually
If other, specify:	Other
	DK
	NA

54. Since the personality changes began, have they worsened, stayed the same or improved?

Worsened ____ Stayed the same ____ Improved ____ DK ____ NA ____

EVERYDAY TASKS

Now I would like to ask some questions about ______ ability to perform (subject's name) everyday tasks. An individual's ability to perform can vary from day to day so answer on the basis of his/her ability over the course of a week.

Food Preparation

55.	For most of his/her life, how much has (subject) been involved in for	od preparation?	
		Greatly involved _	
		Slightly involved _	
		Not at all _	
		DK _	
		NA _	
56.	Has there been a decline in (subject's) ability to prepare food?		
		Yes _	
		No _	
		DK _	
		NA _	
57.	Does (subject) have difficulty finding food in the pantry, cupboards		
57.	or refrigerator?		
	or reingerator:	No Difficulty	
		Slight Difficulty	
		Great Difficulty _	
		DK	
		NA	
58.	Does (subject) have difficulty planning meals?		
		No Difficulty _	
		Slight Difficulty _	
		Great Difficulty _	
		DK _	
		NA _	
59.	Does (subject) have difficulty preparing meals?		
		No Difficulty	
		Slight Difficulty _	
		Great Difficulty _ DK	
		NA	
60.	Does (subject) have difficulty independently shopping for food?		
		No Difficulty _	
		Slight Difficulty	
		Great Difficulty	
		DK _	
		NA	

Food Preparation – Cont'd.

61. Has (subject) burned food on the stove?

No	
Sometimes	
Often	
DK	
NA	

62. Does (subject) have difficulty preparing any simple food or drink items such as coffee, tea or cereal?

No Difficulty	
Slight Difficulty	
Great Difficulty	
DK	
NA	

Chores

63. For most of his/her life, how much has (subject) been involved in household chores? Greatly involved _____ Slightly involved _____ Not at all _____ DK _____ 64. Has there been a decline in (subject's) ability to perform household chores? Yes ____ No ____ DK _____ NA _____ 65. Does (subject) have difficulty managing to keep up with cleaning the house the way he/she did in the past? No Difficulty _____ Slight Difficulty _____ Great Difficulty _____ DK ____ NA 66. Does (subject) have difficulty performing yard work the way he/she did in the past? No Difficulty _____ Slight Difficulty _____ Great Difficulty _____ DK ____ NA _____

Chores – Cont'd.

67. Does (subject) have difficulty performing minor repairs such as changing light bulbs, using a screwdriver, sewing?

		No Difficulty
		Slight Difficulty
		Great Difficulty
		DK
		NA
68.	Does (subject) have difficulty maintaining the laundry?	
		No Difficulty
		Slight Difficulty
		Great Difficulty
		DK
		NA
69.	Does (subject) have difficulty doing the dishes?	
		No Difficulty
		Slight Difficulty
		Great Difficulty
		DK
		NA
70		

70. Can (subject) still operate household appliances such as:

	Circle answer given:			
Stove	Yes	No	DK	NA
Vacuum	Yes	No	DK	NA
Dish Washer	Yes	No	DK	NA
Washing Machine	Yes	No	DK	NA
Clothes Dryer	Yes	No	DK	NA
Radio	Yes	No	DK	NA
TV	Yes	No	DK	NA
Car	Yes	No	DK	NA

71. Does (subject) have difficulty performing household chores?

No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA	
--------------------------------------------------------------------	--

72. Does (subject) get lost more easily while driving.

FINANCES				
l woul	d now like to ask you some questions about	_'s ability to		
handle	e finances. (subject's name)			
73.	For most of his/her life, how involved has (subject) been in managin financial affairs?	g his/her		
		Greatly involved Slightly involved Not at all DK		
74.	Has there been a decline in (subject's) ability to manage his/her fina	ncial affairs? Yes No DK NA		
75.	Does (subject) have difficulty purchasing a few items at the store?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA		
76.	Does (subject) know the prices of common commodities (milk, juice	, etc.)? Yes No DK NA		
77.	Does (subject) have difficulty managing a checkbook?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA		
78.	Does (subject) have difficulty paying monthly bills?	No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA		

Finances – Cont'd.

79. Doe	s (subject)) have	difficulty	<pre>v keeping</pre>	financial	records?
---------	-------------	--------	------------	----------------------	-----------	----------

No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK NA	
--------------------------------------------------------------------	--

80. Does (subject) have difficulty preparing tax information or insurance claims?

No Difficulty	
Slight Difficulty	
Great Difficulty	
DK	
NA	

51.	Does (subject) have difficulty figuring out the amount of change	
	due back on small items or bills?	
	due back on small items or bills?	

No Difficulty Slight Difficulty Great Difficulty DK	
NA	

SOCIAL

Now I would like to ask some questions about (subject's) social functioning.

82. For most of his/her adult life, how much has (subject) been involved in social activit			
	Greatly involved		
	Slightly involved		
	Not at all		
	DK		
83.	Has there been a decline in (subject's) social functioning?		
	Yes		
	No		

Yes	
No	
DK	
NA	

84. Does (subject) participate in church or community functions as he/she did in the past?

Juor.	
Yes	
No	
DK	
NA	

Social – Cont'd.

85. When (subject) meets the following people does he/she know who they are:

	Circle answer given:			
Spouse	Yes	No	DK	NA
Brothers, sisters or				
children	Yes	No	DK	NA
Grandchildren	Yes	No	DK	NA
Old Friends	Yes	No	DK	NA
New Acquaintances	Yes	No	DK	NA

86. Does (subject) converse with friends and acquaintances in an appropriate manner?

Yes	
No	
DK	
NA	

87. Does (subject) participate in family celebrations and holidays as he/she did in the past?

Yes
No
DK
NA

88. Does (subject) participate in hobbies (card playing, sewing, fishing) as he/she did in the past?

Yes	
No	
DK	
NA	

89. Has (subject) lost any special skill that he/she could perform before (e.g. playing a musical instrument, woodworking, carpentry, sewing, reading, painting)?

Yes	
No	
DK	
NA	

PERSONAL CARE

Does he/she have difficulty feeding him/herself? Feeds self without assistance	
to sample all foods or prepare a plate of food	
Does he/she have difficulty dressing?	
Does he/she have difficulty taking care of his/her personal hygiene?	
Clean, cares for self at toilet	
· · ·	
ICATIONS/CONVENTIONAL	
ription medications. (subject's name)	
Is (subject) currently taking any prescription medications?	
DK	
If yes, list the medications and dose if available:	
	Feeds self without assistance _ Feeds self with minor assistance, requires prom to sample all foods or prepare a plate of food Feeds self with much assistance, has dif managing utensils, often uses fingers Has to be fed Does he/she have difficulty dressing? Unaided _ Occasionally misplaces buttons, etc., requires minor help Wrong sequence, forgets items, requires much assistance Unable to dress Does he/she have difficulty taking care of his/her personal hygiene? Clean, cares for self at toilet Frequent incontinence, or needs to be reminded to toilet Frequent incontinence, or needs to be reminded to toilet Little or no control Little or no control Is (subject) currently taking any prescription medications? Yes No

Has (subject) taken any other prescription medication during the past six months? 94.

				Yes No DK
If yes, list the medication and dose:	-			NA
If the informant answered NO to th		ve two questi	ons, skip to	
OVER-THE COUNTER MEDICATION	ct) had			n, less sharp)

95. that are associated in time with the use of the medications listed above?

Yes	
No	
DK	
NA	

If yes, record details:

If yes, have the mental changes cleared?

Yes, completely cleared	
Still present but improved	
Still present and unchanged	
DK	
NA	

OVER-THE-COUNTER MEDICATIONS

Does (subject) take any over-the-counter	er medications reg	ularly?	Yes
			No
			DK
If yes please list them:			NA
Name:	Name:		
Dose:	Dose:		
Indication:	Indication: _		
If yes, did (subject) experience any side	effects from any c	of these medications?	Yes No DK NA
If yes, provide a description:			INA
Does (subject) have any allergies to medicines?			
in general?			
Has (subject) had any surgeries?			
Surgery		Year	

	HOL USE		's use
	I like to ask a few questions regarding hol in the past.	(subject's name)	
99.	How often did he/she drink alcoholic	heverages?	
00.		severages.	Daily or almost daily
			3-4 times a week
			Once or twice a week
			Less than once a week
			Never
			DK NA
			INA
	If answer is NEVER, skip to LIFE	STYLE QUESTIONS S	ection.
	,		
100.	On those days that he/she did drink a	•	
	many did he/she usually have? (1 dr	ink = 1 glass of wine/1	
			More than 5 drinks 3 to 5 drinks
			1 to 2 drinks
			DK
101.	For how long did he/she drink in this	manner?	Years
102.	Does he/she still drink alcoholic beve	rages?	
		•	Yes
			No
			DK
			NA
	If NO, how many years ago did he/sh	ie stop?	Years ago
103.	How often does he/she currently drin	k alcoholic beverages?	,
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	aily or almost every day
			3-4 times a week
			Once or twice a week
			Less than once a week
			Never DK
			NA

If answer is NEVER, skip to LIFESTYLE QUESTIONS section.

Alcohol Use – Cont'd.

104. On those days that he/she does drink alcoholic beverages, about how many does he/she usually have? (1 drink= 1 glass of wine/1 mixed drink/beer).

	,	More than 5 drinks
		3 to 5 drinks
		1 to 2 drinks
		DK
		NA
105.	Have you or any other family member or close friend ever though	nt
	(subject) drank too much?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
106.	Has (subject) ever had to have a drink in the morning to steady	
	his/her nerves or relieve a hangover?	
	j.	Yes
		No
		DK
		NA

If the answer to either #105 or 106 is YES, complete the ALCOHOL INVENTORY section, otherwise skip to LIFESTYLE QUESTIONS section.

	DHOL INVENTORY	
The p	previous questions indicate that	had or is currently
	(subject's nam	e)
having drinki	•	k some additional questions about (subject's)
107.	How long has/had (subject) been drinking e	xcessively?
		Less than 6 months 6 months to 1 year

108.	Which term best describes (subject's) drinking habits in the past three months?	
		Continual
		Sporadic
		Totally stopped
109.	Has (subject) ever completely stopped drinking?	
		Yes
	Langast duration in months	No DK
	Longest duration in months	NA

110. Has (subject) ever drunk as much as a fifth of liquor in one day, that would be about 20 drinks, or three bottles of wine or as much as three six packs of beer in one day?

	Yes
	No
	DK
	NA

111. Have you ever talked with your doctor or other medical professional about (subject) drinking?

		Yes No DK NA
112.	Has (subject) ever had job trouble because of his/her drinking (e.g., missing too much work or drinking on the job)?	

Yes	
No	
DK	
NA	

1 to 5 years _____ More than 5 years _____

Alcohol Inventory – Cont'd.

113.	Has (subject) ever lost a job because of drinking?	Yes No DK NA
114.	Has (subject) ever had serious marital or family problems, such as a divorce, because of drinking?	Yes No DK NA
115.	Has (subject) ever been arrested for drunk driving or had an automobile accident while drinking?	Yes No DK NA
116.	Has (subject) ever been arrested for public intoxication or disturbing the peace while drinking?	Yes No DK NA
117.	Has (subject) ever gotten into physical fights while drinking?	Yes No DK NA
118.	Has (subject) ever gone on drinking binges or benders, where he/she kept drinking for a couple of days or more without sobering up?	Yes No DK NA
119.	How many months ago was the last episode?	Months

Alcohol Inventory – Cont'd.

120.	Has (subject) ever had the "shakes" after stopping or cutting down on drinking (for example, have [subject's] hands ever shaken so much that he/she has had difficulty holding a cup of coffee without it spilling over the edges, or has he/she had difficulty lighting a cigarette)?	Voc
		Yes No DK NA
121.	Has (subject) ever had fits or seizures after stopping or cutting down on drinking	? Yes No DK NA
122.	Has (subject) ever had the D.T.'s (hallucinations or fever) when he/she stopped drinking?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
123.	Has (subject) ever seen or heard things that weren't really there after cutting down on drinking?	Yes No
		DK
		NA
124.	Has (subject) ever been hospitalized for alcohol treatment or detoxification? If yes, where: Year of treatment:	Yes No DK
125.	Physician: Has (subject) ever gone to the emergency room for any problems related to his/her drinking or while drunk? If yes, where: Year of treatment: Physician:	NA Yes No DK NA

Alcohol Inventory – Cont'd.

126.	There are several health problems that can result from long stretches
	of heavy drinking. Did drinking ever cause (subject) to have:

а.	Liver disease or yellow jaundice (hepatitis)?	
		Yes
	If yes, year:	No
		DK
		NA
b.	Vomiting blood or other stomach problems (ulcers, bleeding esophagus	
		Yes
	If yes, year:	No
		DK
		NA
C.	Trouble with tingling or numbness in his/her feet?	
		Yes
	If yes, year:	No
		DK
		NA
d.	Memory problems when he/she has NOT been drinking (not related to blackouts)?	
		Yes
	If yes, year:	No
		DK
		NA
e.	Inflammation of the pancreas or pancreatitis (Abdominal/back pain, nausea/vomiting, upper abdominal tenderness)? INTERVIEWER to indicate left side below the diaphragm.	
		Yes
	If yes, year:	No
		DK
		NA

127. Is there any additional information you can provide about (subject's) drinking history that has not been covered in the questions already discussed?

LIFESTYLE QUESTIONS

128.	Did (subject) ever smoke cigarettes, cigars, or a pipe or chew tobacco r	Yes
		No DK
		NA
	CIRCLE: cigarettes cigars pipe chew	
	If NO, then skip to MEDICAL HISTORY section.	
129.	Does he/she still smoke?	
129.	Does ne/sne suil smoke?	Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
	CIRCLE: cigarettes cigars pipe chew	
130.	At what age did he/she start smoking?	
		Cigarettes Cigars Pipe Chew DK NA
131.	If he/she no longer smokes, how many years ago did he/she stop smok	ina?
1011		Cigarettes
		Cigars
		Pipe
		Chew DK
		NA
100		
132.	Approximately how many does/did he/she smoke a day?	Cigarettes
		Cigars
		Pipe
		Chew
		DK
		NA

MEDICAL HISTORY Now I would like to ask you some questions about (subject's) health.

	e medical/clinical history should be asked and recorded for past and sent occurrence.	
133.	Did a doctor or nurse ever tell (subject) that he/she has high blood pressure?	
	If yes, year:	Yes No DK NA
134.	Is (subject) currently being treated for high blood pressure?	Yes No DK NA
135.	Has (subject) ever been told he/she has heart problems such as heart disease, heart attack, angina, chest pain or congestive heart failure.	
	If yes, year:	Yes No DK NA
136.	Is (subject) currently being treated for this heart problem?	Yes No DK
137.	Did the doctor describe his/her heart problem as: (check all that apply) MI/Heart at CHF-congestive heart fa Angina-chest pain (put little pills under their ton Arrhythmia-irregular heart	ilure _ gue) _

If (subject) had a heart attack (Myocardial Infarction), what is the year of the <u>first</u> occurrence? 138. Year _____

139. Has (subject) ever been told he/she has a seizure disorder, fits, epilepsy, convulsions or falling out?

	If yes, year:	Yes No DK NA
140.	Is (subject) currently being treated for a seizure disorder?	Yes No DK NA
141.	Has (subject) ever been told he/she has a thyroid disorder (e.g., hypothyroidism, hyperthyroidism, Graves disease)?	
	If yes, year:	Yes No DK NA
	Specific type of disorder or description of symptoms:	
142.	Is (subject) currently being treated for a thyroid disorder?	Yes No DK NA
143.	Has (subject) ever been treated for cancer?	
	If yes, year:	Yes No DK NA
	Describe:	

144. Is (subject) currently being treated for cancer?

	Yes
	No
	DK
	NA
Describe:	

145. Has (subject) ever been treated for leukemia or any blood disorders?

		Yes
	If yes, year:	No
		DK
		NA
146.	Is (subject) currently being treated for leukemia or any blood disorder?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
147.	Has (subject) ever suffered a head injury with loss of consciousness?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA

148. If yes, record most recent as #1:

	1	2	3	4
Age at injury				
Cause				
Number of hours of unconsciousness				
Was he/she hospitalized?				
Name of hospital				

149.	Has (subject) ever been treated for anemia (tired, low or poor blood)?	
		Yes
	If yes, year:	No
		DK
		NA
150.	Is (subject) currently being treated for anemia?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
151	Lies (subject) such been treated for blood super problems?	
151.	Has (subject) ever been treated for blood sugar problems?	Vee
		Yes
	If yes, year:	No
		DK
		NA
152.	Is (subject) currently being treated for his/her blood sugar?	
152.	is (subject) currently being treated for his/her blood sugar:	Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
		NA
153.	Has (subject) ever been treated for diabetes?	
		Yes
	If yes, year:	No
		DK
		NA
154.	Is (subject) currently being treated for diabetes?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
455	Lies (autriant) had any other actions madiant illegence?	
155.	Has (subject) had any other serious medical illnesses?	Vaa
		Yes
		No
		DK
	If you placed deparibly	NA
	If yes, please describe:	

156.	[Interviewer may mark this based upon their own judgement, or ma question.] Has (subject) ever been diagnosed as mentally retarded?	y ask the
		Yes
	If yes, year:	No
	ii yes, year.	
		DK
		NA
157.	Has (subject) ever been treated by a physician for his/her nerves?	
		Yes
	If yes, year:	No
	ii yes, year.	
		DK
		NA
158.	Has he/she ever had a two week period when he/she was bothered by feeling sad, blue, hopeless, down in the dumps, or that he/she did not enjoy anything?	depressed,
		Yes
	If yes, year:	No
	1 yoo, your.	
		DK
		NA
159.	Has he/she ever attempted suicide?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
	If yes, please describe:	

160. Has (subject) ever been treated by a physician for depression?

	Yes
If yes, year:	No
	DK
	NA

MAJOR DEPRESSIVE SYNDROME

161. During the past 6 months did (subject) ever have a two-week period where he/she was bothered by feeling depressed, sad, blue, hopeless, down in the dumps, or that he/she didn't enjoy anything?

Yes	
No	
DK	
NA	

If NO, skip to STROKE AND CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE section.

Major Depressive Syndrome – Cont'd.

162.	During	this period was (subject) bothered by:	
	a.	Poor appetite or weight loss?	
	u.	r oor appeare or weight loos.	Yes
			No
			DK
			NA
	b.	Increased appetite or weight gain?	
	-		Yes
			No
			DK
			NA
	C.	Trouble sleeping or sleeping too much?	
			Yes
			No
			DK
			NA
	d.	Loss of energy, easily fatigued, or feeling tired?	
			Yes
			No
			DK
			NA
	e.	Loss of interest or pleasure in usual activities or sex?	
		'	Yes
			No
			DK
			NA
	f.	Feeling guilty or down on himself/herself?	
			Yes
			No
			DK
			NA
	g.	Trouble concentrating, thinking, or making decisions?	
	0		Yes
			No
			DK
			NA
	h.	Thinking about death or suicide?	
		Ĵ	Yes
			No
			DK
			NA
	i.	[Note to interviewer: Record based on information provided for item #159. Do not ask.] Has he/she ever attempted suicide?	_
		וויש אין	Voc
			Yes
			No DK
			NA
			INA

Major Depressive Syndrome – Cont'd.

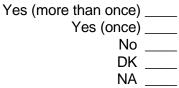
	j.	Being able to sit still and have to keep moving?	Yes No DK NA
	k.	Feeling slowed-down and having trouble moving?	Yes No DK NA
163.	Does	to interviewer: Do not read this question] (subject) meet the criteria for major depressive disorder? response to at least 4 of the symptoms in question #162)	Yes No DK NA
164.	or min	g that time, did he/she seek help from anyone like a doctor hister or even a friend, or did anyone suggest the he/she help? Did he/she take any medication?	Yes No DK NA

If there is any suspicion of depression, physician should administer a Hamilton Depression Rating Scale to the subject.

STROKE AND CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE

Has (subject) ever experienced any of the following symptoms?

165. Has (subject) ever had episodes of unconsciousness. That is, not understanding, not hearing, not seeing what was happening around (him/her), and later not remembering what had happened during the loss of consciousness?



Stroke	e and Cerebrovascular Disease – Cont'd.	
166.	Has he/she experienced any facial paralysis (inability to smile	
	on one side of the face, drooping facial muscles)?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
167.	Has (subject) had weakness or numbness in his/her arms or	
107.	legs on one side of his/her body?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
		NA
168.	If YES to any of the three questions above, did this condition happen suddenly?	
100.		Vos
		Yes
		DK
		NA
169.	If YES to any of the three questions above, did this condition get better	
109.	· · · ·	dav
		day /eek
	within a mo	
	did not get be	
		DK
		NA
170.	Has (subject) ever had a stroke or mini stroke?	
170.		Yes
		No
		DK
	Voor of first insident	NA
	Year of first incident _ Year of most recent incident	
	Year of the most severe incident _	
	If NO, skip to PARANOID FEATURES section.	
171.	Did the acute episode of any incident last more than 24 hours?	
		Yes
		No
		DK
		NA
		· · · ·

172. Was at least one incident verified by a physician?

Yes ____ No ____ DK ____ NA ____

PARANOID FEATURES

173.	Has he/she cor	nplained of being unjustly persecuted or spied on by others?	
			Yes
			No
			DK
			NA
174.	Has he/she bee	en troubled by voices or visions not experienced by others?	
			Yes
			No
			DK
		en en tie	NA
	<u>Y HISTORY - D</u> d now like to ask	c you about other members of (name of subject's) family.	
175.	Is his/her moth	er still alive? If not, about how old was she when she died?	
			till alive
		Age a	at death
			DK
			NA
176.	Was his/her m	other ever diagnosed with Alzheimer's disease or other deme	
	16	Diamagia	Yes
	If yes:	Diagnosis	No
		Approximate age at onset	DK
			NA
177.	Did his/her mot	ther ever show any symptoms (memory problems, confusion)	
			Yes
	If yes:	Approximate age at onset	No
			DK
			NA
178.	le hie/her fathe	r still alive? If not, about how old was he when he died?	
170.	is his/her latte		till alive
			at death
			DK
			NA
179.	Was his/her fat	ther ever diagnosed with Alzheimer's disease or other dement	
	If yoo:	Diagnosis	Yes
	If yes:	Diagnosis Approximate age at onset	No DK
		Approximate age at onset	NA
			IN/1

Family History – Dementia cont.

180.	Did his/her fat	t her ever show any symptoms (memory problems, confusion) of d	ementia?
			Yes
	If yes:	Approximate age at onset	No
			DK
			NA
181.		his/her paternal or maternal aunts or uncles ever diagnosed with isease or other dementia or exhibit symptoms of dementia?	Vaa
	If yoo lie	t relation:	Yes
	li yes, lis	t relation:	No DK
			NA
182.	-	blogical brothers does he/she have? (living or dead) (If none, go to 185.)	
183.	Were any of h	nis/her brothers ever diagnosed with Alzheimer's disease or other	
			Yes
	If yes:	How Many?	No
		Diagnosis	DK
		Approximate age at onset	NA
184.	dementia?	/her brothers ever show any symptoms (memory problems, cor How Many?	Yes No DK
		Approximate age at onset	NA
185.	How many bio	blogical sisters does he/she have? (Living or dead) (If none, go to 188.)	
186.	Were any of h	nis/her sisters ever diagnosed with Alzheimer's disease or other d	ementia? Yes
	If yes:	How Many?	No
	ii yes.	How Many? Diagnosis	DK
		Approximate age at onset	NA
		Approximate age at onset	NA
187.	Did any of his dementia?	/her sisters ever show any symptoms (memory problems, confu	ision) of
			Yes
	If yes:	How Many?	No
	-		DK
		Approximate age at onset	NA
		-	

188. How many biological **children** does he/she have? (Living or dead) _____ (If none go next section.)

- 189. Have any of these **children** ever been diagnosed with Alzheimer's disease or other dementia?
 - If yes:
 How Many?_____
 No _____

 Diagnosis ______
 DK _____

 Approximate age at onset______
 NA _____
- 190. Have any of these **children** ever shown any symptoms (memory problems, confusion) of dementia?

		Yes
yes:	How Many?	No
		DK
	Approximate age at onset	NA

FAMILY HISTORY

lf

This section only needs to be completed at the initial assessment.

I would now like to ask you about other members of (subject's) family.

191. What position was he/she in his/her family?

Position .	
DK	
NA	

192. Have any of his/her family had Parkinson's disease, i.e. marked tremor or stiffness?

Mother	Father	Yes
Sister	Brother	No
Daughter	Son	DK
-		NA

193. Has anyone in the family had a child with a mental handicap or Down's Syndrome (explain, if necessary)?

Mother	Father	Yes
Sister	Brother	No
Daughter	Son	DK
		NA

Family History – cont.

194. Has anyone in his/her family had leukemia?

Mother	Father	Yes
Sister	Brother	No
Daughter	Son	DK
		NA

195. Has anyone in his/her family had a heart attack?

Mother	Father	Yes
Sister	Brother	No
Daughter	Son	DK
		NA

196. Have any of his/her relatives had a stroke or sudden weakness or speech difficulty?

Mother	Father	Yes
Sister	Brother	No
Daughter	Son	DK
		NA

197. Have any of his/her relatives had high blood pressure diagnosed?

Mother	Father	Yes
Sister	Brother	No
Daughter	Son	DK
-		NA

198. Has anyone in the family had a nervous or emotional illness requiring treatment?

Mother	Father	Yes
Sister	Brother	No
Daughter	Son	DK
-		NA

	TIONS FOR INFORMANTS WHO ARE CAREGIVERS would like to ask you a few questions about caring for Mr./Mrs.		
199.	Are there any other people who help you take care of Mr./Mrs		Yes No DK
	If yes,		NA
	Name:	_	
	Comment on care giving role:		
		_	
	Relationship to subject:		
	 Name:		
	Relationship to subject: Comment on care giving role:	_	
200.	How much do you feel the caring for Mr./Mrs	has affected your No Prob	-

Some stress but tolerable Very stressful _____ Can no longer cope _____

Questions for Informants who are Caregivers – Cont'd.

I have asked a lot of questions about Mr./Mrs. _____ and how he/she is doing. Now 201. I would like for you to tell me how you are managing. (Interviewer may jot notes if needed, but should record a summary after the interview has concluded). 202. Is there anything else you would like to tell me? **INTERVIEWER'S SUMMARY** 203. Interviewer's impression and recommendations for possible follow up. 204. Interviewer's judgement on the accuracy of the information provided in this interview. Very Good _____ Good _____ Fair ____ Poor _____ Very Poor _____ If you rate the quality of the information as poor or very poor, please explain:

Subject I.D._____

Heart Disease

	No	Past	Current
MI/Heart Attack			
CHF			
Angina			
Arrhythmia irregular heart beat			
Other			

Medical Illnesses			
	ON	Past	Current
High Blood Pressure			
Heart Disease			
Seizure Disorder			
Thyroid Disorder			
Cancer			
Leukemia/Blood Disorder			
Head Injury w/ LOC			
Anemia			
Blood Sugar Problem			
Diabetes			
Mental Retardation			
Nerves			
Depression			
Cerebrovascular Disease			
Confusion & Delirium			
Paranoid Features			
Family History for Dementia			
Alcohol/Substance Abuse			
Smoking			
Other			

CLINICIAN INTERVIEW (CHIF)	Nurse's Initials:	
Subject Name:	Subject I.D. #:	
Date://	Phase: 2009	

The purpose of the following items is to assess the subject's higher cortical functioning. These probes are designed to assess the subject's knowledge of <u>how</u> to perform activities of daily living. Scoring is <u>not</u> based on whether the subject can actually physically perform these activities.

Personal History

Date and place of birth; education and work history; when subject moved into present home; when subject retired]

- 2 Account is coherent and accurate. Events happen in logical, historical sequence. Subject may be a little uncertain about exact dates.
- 1 Some discrepancies occur. Subject can't remember some important aspects of personal history or gives contradictory dates.
- 0 Most of personal history is vague and/or inaccurate.

Comments:

Cooking/Food Preparation

[Can state favorite meal; knows ingredients and steps in preparing favorite meal; able to state what he/she recently ate]

- 2 Describes how to prepare food, ingredients needed, etc. Provides information on favorite meals. Able to state where meals come from.
- 1 Can provide information about favorite foods but cannot describe preparation of food beyond simple tasks such as making sandwich, cereal or microwave meals.
- 0 Can't describe food preparation. Has difficulty discussing favorite foods. Can't describe where food comes from or when he/she eats.

Comments:

Shopping

[Knows name of local market, can describe route to get to the market; buys own food or knows the general cost of staples]

- 2 Accurate information for name of store and route to grocery store. Nonprimary shopper can be a little vague about prices.
- 1 Incomplete or vague information. Doesn't recall name of store or can't describe route. Uncertain of prices.
- 0 Completely inaccurate information about location, directions, prices

Comments:

Finances

[Can state where money comes from; manages own money (purchases, checkbook); knows rent cost]

- 2 Fully independent in managing own finances. Knows source of income. Writes own checks.
- Requires help with money management, may write checks or balance checkbook but relative looks over for mistakes.
- 0 No accurate information regarding finances or money management. Unable to handle own money. Cannot balance checkbook.

Comments:

Medicines

[Can state current medication; knows what condition each medicine is for; responsible for managing own medications; knows where medication are stored, when to take each]

- 2 Manages own medications. Knows what each medicine is for.
- 1 Has help with managing medications; e.g., relative supervises. Knows in general what the medications are for but may not be able to match each medication with each condition.
- 0 Cannot provide information about medication use.

Comments:

Church/Mosque

[States name of church/mosque; can describe how to get to church/mosque; knows name of church/mosque leader]

- 2 Gives accurate information about geographic location, name of church, and name of minister.
- 1 Incomplete or inaccurate information. Doesn't know name of church or cannot describe how to get there or doesn't know name of minister.
- 0 No accurate information or completely vague answers.

Comments:

Communication/Telephone

[Can dial up a close relative; knows relative's number or where it is kept; knows how to get a message across town if no phone]

- 2 Knows the number/address of relative and know how to reach relative.
- 1 Knows in general how to contact relative but doesn't know details.

0 - Completely vague or inaccurate information

Comments:_____

Roles

[Describes household chores; cares for young children for extended intervals single-handedly; decision making role in family or community]

- 2 Can describe household chores or activities he/she is involved in; e.g., looks after young children. If unable to physically perform chores, can describe how chores should be done (ie how to do laundry). Subject makes substantive decisions regarding his/her life
- 1 Difficulty describing household chores or activities. Reduced decision making authority (children may give substantial input). Limited childcare.
- 0 Unable to describe housekeeping needs. No longer allowed to care for young children. Decisions made for subject by others.

Comments: _____

Organization of Home/Personal Clothing

[Home clean and tidy; dressed and groomed appropriately]

- 2 Takes responsibility for or supervises housecleaning. Home is tidy. Subject dressed in appropriate clothes and neatly groomed.
- Reduced awareness of what needs to be done to keep home tidy. Does not appear as well groomed or neatly dressed as might usually be expected.
- 0 Home disorganized. Subject not wearing appropriate clothes, may be disheveled.

Comments: _____

Recognition

[Aware of recent news items (shortages, politics, events); aware of recent weather changes; recognizes family members; knows when last contacted by study; describes personnel]

- 2 Aware of news, weather changes, contact by study personnel.
- Recognizes family members but reduced awareness of recent events, weather, or study participation.
- 0 Unable to state any current events or describe recent weather. Doesn't recognize family members.

Comments:

For the following items, please score as: 0=incorrect 1=correct

0	1	<pre>Short-term Memory/Concentration - repeat: (before presenting the words, give instruction that</pre>
0	1	STONE
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<pre>- season - month - day of week - time of day - president/ruler of country - mayor/oba - Mogaji (local/family leader) - name of street/compound - counts from 1 to 10 - counts backward from 10 to 1</pre>
0 0 0	1 1 1	- recalls three objects SHOE GOAT STONE
0	1	<pre>Judgement/Abstraction/Calculation - What would you do if your cooking stove explodes and catches fire?</pre>
0	1	- If you have N20(\$20) and you buy an article for N7 (\$7) and another article for N5 (\$5), how much change will you have left?
0	1	- What is the meaning of 'Ile ni nwo ki a to so omo loruko?' or 'Haste makes waste?'

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

After	comp	leting the examination, score	
	OVERA	ALL EXAMINATION ASSESSMENT	0 = Normal
			1 = Abnormal*
			9 = Not assessed
1.	Weigh	nt (fully clothed, in pounds)	
2.	Blood	d pressure:	systolic/diastolic
	a)	Sitting	/
	b)	IF (systolic > 175) OR (diastol: later in exam.	ic > 100, THEN repeat measurement systolic/diastolic
	C)	IF available, score average of 1	/ BPs in medical records.
			systolic/diastolic
			/
*List	: sign	ificant abnormal physical findin	gs (e.g., arrhythmia):

NEUROLOGICAL EXAMINATION: OVERALL ASSESSMENT

1.	Gait	and posture:			Not
		-	Normal	Abnormal	Assessed
		tandem gait	0	1	9
		arm swing	0	1	9
		hemiparesis	0	1	9
		ataxia*	0	1	9
		en bloc turning	0	1	9
		standing on one leg	0	1	9
		If abnormal, specify:			
disc		ects with ataxia and/or other suspected s, complete neurological evaluation for sm.			al
2.	Abno	rmal movements:			
		benign tremor	0	1	9
		myoclonus	0	1	9
		dyskinesia	0	1	9
		other	0	1	9
		If abnormal, specify:			
3.		any one of the Parkinsonian features ological evaluation for Parkinson's.	below i	s present,	complete
		tremor (resting)	0	1	9
		cogwheel rigidity	0	1	9
		Bradykinesia	0	1	9
4.	Sign	ificant visual or auditory impairment:	0	1	9
5.	Cran	ial nerve function:	0	1	9
	If al	bnormal, specify:			
6.	Moto	r function*	0	1	9
		strength	0	1	9
		coordination	0	1	9
		tone	0	1	9
		other	0	1	9
	If o	ther, specify:			
	, ·			1	

*For subjects suspected as having a stroke, complete neurological examination for cerebro-vascular disease.

Neurological Examination: Overall Assessment – Cont'd.

				Not
		Normal	Abnormal	Assessed
7.	Muscle stretch reflexes:	0	1	9
	If abnormal, describe:			
8.	Extensor plantar response:	0	1	9
				Not
		Absent	Present	Assessed
9.	Personality changes or behavioral abnormalities (e.g., over activity, hostility, etc.	0	1	9
	If present, describe:			
10.	Patient cooperativeness during evaluation: 0 = fully cooperative at al 1 = mildly to moderately un 2 = very uncooperative 3 = uncertain or don't know	ncooperat	ive	

FUNCTIONAL EVALAUATION

Motor			Not
	No	Yes	Assessed
1. Is the subject paralyzed, bedfast or wheelchair-bound?	0	1	9
2. Can the subject sit up without someone else's help?	0	1	9
3. Can the subject stand up without assistance?	0	1	9
4. Is the subject able to walk alone more than a few steps?			
	0	1	9
If No, does the subject			
4a. hold on to furniture?	0	1	9
4b. use cane or walker?	0	1	9
4c. hold on to another person?	0	1	9
Describe walking			
5. Does the subject report they can walk 1 block 0 1 without another person's help?	9		
6. Can the subject lift arms up above the head and keep them elevated for 30 seconds?	0	1	9

Vision

7. Subject's level of vision: 1 = blind 2 = distinguishes light/dark only 3 = distinguishes shapes or colors 4 = counts fingers 5 = distinguishes denominations of paper money

Hearing

8. Subject hears conversational speech:

- 1 = None of the time (deaf)
- 2 = Some of the time (hearing loss, difficulty hearing)
- 3 = Most of the time (good hearing)

Pain

Not <u>No Yes Assessed</u> 0 1 9

9. Does the subject complain of pain?

9a. If yes, what effect does the pain have on activity? 1 = doesn't limit activity 2 = partially limits activity 3 = severely limits activity

9b. Where is the pain located (check all that apply)? extremties

- _____ back/neck
- _____ abdomen
- other:

A: NEUROLOGICAL EXAMINATION FOR CEREBRO-VASCULAR DISEASE

This section is to be completed for all subjects with a clinical history of stroke or cerebral ischemia.

1. Residual neurological manifestations of stroke or cerebral ischemia:

			Not
	No	Yes	Assessed
gait disturbance (hemiparetic or ataxic)	0	1	9
visual field or cranial nerve deficit	0	1	9
motor weakness of limbs/trunk	0	1	9
sensory deficits of limbs/trunk	0	1	9
language deficits (dysphasia)	0	1	9
dysarthria	0	1	9
emotional lability	0	1	9
other pseudobulbar signs	0	1	9
(specify:)			
psychomotor retardation	0	1	9
other (describe:)	0	1	9

B: NEUROLOGICAL EXAMINATION FOR MANIFESTATIONS OF ALCOHOLISM

The section is to be completed for all subjects with a clinical history of alcoholism.

Neurological manifestations of alcoholism or associated nutritional 1. deficiency: Not No Yes Assessed 0 9 peripheral neuropathy 1 cerebellar ataxia of limbs or trunk 0 1 9 9 proximal myopathy 0 1 ophthalmoplegia (with or without nystagmus) 0 1 9 0 1 other residual deficits 9 (specify:)

C: NEUROLOGICAL EXAMINATION FOR PARKINSON'S DISEASE

This section should be completed if the subject is thought to have Parkinson's disease. For 1. and 2., indicate R and L; otherwise, circle the appropriate code.

R L

Head/mouth/chin

1. Tremor at rest

Use the following codes:

- 9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity
- 2. Rigidity
 - 0 = absent
 1 = present only with activation Neck
 2 = present with cogwheel component
 3 = severe but full range Arms
 4 = severe, limited range Legs
 - 4 = severe, limited range Le
 8 = cannot test due to severity of condition
 - 9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity
- 3. Parkinsonian gait

0 = normal 1 = slow, may shuffle, no festination 2 = walks with difficulty, may festinate 3 = walks only with assistance 4 = unable to walk 8 = cannot test due to severity of condition 9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity

Neurological Examination For Parkinson's Disease - Cont'd.

```
4.
     Bradykinesia, body
     0 = normal
     1 = minimal slowness, could be normal
     2 = mild, clearly abnormal slowness
     3 = moderate slowness, some hesitation
     4 = marked slowness, long delays in initiation
     8 = cannot test due to severity of condition
     9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity
5.
    Arising from a chair
     0 = normal
     1 = \text{slow or needs } > 1 \text{ attempt}
     2 = pushes with arms
     3 = falls back but able to arise w/o assistance
     4 = needs assistance
     8 = cannot test due to severity of condition
     9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity
6. Posture
     0 = normal
     1 = slight stoop, could be normal for elderly
     2 = moderate stoop, might lean sideways
     3 = severe stoop, kyphosis, moderate lean sideways
     4 = marked flexion with extreme abnormality
     8 = cannot test due to severity of condition
     9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity
7.
     Stability on displacement (pull back test)
     0 = normal (may take one or two normal steps)
     1 = recovers-spontaneously
     2 = would fall if not caught
     3 = tends to fall spontaneously
     4 = \text{cannot stand}
     8 = cannot test due to severity of condition
     9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity
8.
     Turning
     0 = pivots on narrow base
     1 = hesitates or widens base, but steady
     2 = turns slowly and awkwardly
     3 = would likely fall without aid
     4 = \text{cannot turn}
     8 = cannot test due to severity of condition
     9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity
```

Neurological Examination For Parkinson's Disease - Cont'd. Bradykinesia, face 9. 0 = normal1 = could be normal "poker face" 2 = mild hypomimia 3 = moderate, some lip parting 4 = complete loss of expression 9 = not done for reasons unrelated to severity 10. Low volume monotone speech/dysarthria 0 = absent1 = mild2 = moderate3 = severe9 = not assessed for reasons unrelated to severity Not No Yes Assessed Does examiner think subject has clinical evidence 9 \cap 1 11. of probable or possible Parkinson's disease? If yes, give basis for diagnosis: PROBABLE: Presence of two or more of the four major 0 1 9 a) extrapyramidal signs designated in items 1, 2, 3, and 4 POSSIBLE: 9 Presence of only one of the four major 0 1 b) extrapyramidal signs (items 1, 2, 3, and 4) 0 1 9 C) Presence of two or more of the minor extrapyramidal signs (items 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10) with a severity of 2 or greater

COMPUTERIZED TOMOGRAPHY			Date:			
Contrast	0 No	1 Yes		day	mo year	
	0 100	1 100				
Findings: Normal	0 No	1 Yes				
Cortical Atrophy	0 No	1 Yes				
Ventricular Enlargement	0 No	1 Yes				
Infarct and/or lacunae	0 No	1 Yes				
Hemorrhage	0 No	1 Yes				
Leucoaraiosis	0 No	1 Yes				
Other (specify:)	0 No	1 Yes				
MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING			Date:			
MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING Tesla: _ / TR (msec): adolinium DTPA	0 No	TE (msec 1 Yes		day	mo year	-
Tesla: _ / _ TR (msec):	0 No 0 No	,		day	mo year	-
Tesla: _ / _ TR (msec): adolinium DTPA Findings:		1 Yes		day	mo year	
Tesla: _ / _ TR (msec): adolinium DTPA Findings: Normal	0 No	1 Yes 1 Yes		day	mo year	-
Tesla:/ TR (msec): adolinium DTPA Findings: Normal Cortical Atrophy	0 No 0 No	1 Yes 1 Yes 1 Yes		day	mo year	
Tesla: _ / _ TR (msec): adolinium DTPA Findings: Normal Cortical Atrophy Ventricular Enlargement	0 No 0 No 0 No	1 Yes 1 Yes 1 Yes 1 Yes		day	mo year	
Tesla:/ TR (msec): adolinium DTPA Findings: Normal Cortical Atrophy Ventricular Enlargement Infarct and/or lacunae	0 No 0 No 0 No 0 No	1 Yes 1 Yes 1 Yes 1 Yes 1 Yes		day	mo year	

OTHER RELEVANT	EXAMINATIONS	(e.g., CSF,	EEG, CHEST	X-RAY, ECG)
EXAM		Date		Findings

DIAGNOSIS	Physician's Initials:
Subject Name:	Subject I.D. #:
Date of Consensus Diagnosis://	Phase: <u>2009</u>
Normal	
A. Any clinically significant impairments in specific cognitive tasks on the Cognitive Symptoms Section of the Informant Interview or the CHIF?	Not <u>No Yes Assessed</u> 0 1 9
 Any inability to adequately meet his/her daily living needs based on Function Section of the Informant Interview or the CHIF? 	0 1 9
C. Any significant decline or impairment in cognition on clinical examination or the neuropsychological tests (e.g., memory [orientation, object recall], language [naming, fluency], praxis [drawing, motor programs], or executive [goal directed behavior, awareness of circumstance])?	0 1 9
D. History or evidence of neurological disease with potential to affect cognition.	0 1 9
E. Does the subject meet criteria for NORMAL which is a NO response to items A through D ?	0 1 9
Cognitively Impaired (CI)	Not No_Yes Assessed
 A. At least one of the following: Report of clinically significant <u>decline</u> in specific cognitive tasks on the Cognitive Symptoms Section of the Informant Interview from some previous higher level 	0 1 9
 Evidence of cognitive <u>decline</u> on clinical examination (CHIF) or neuropsychological tests in one or more cognitive domains (e.g., memory [orientation, object recall], language [naming, fluency], praxis [drawing, motor programs], executive [goal directed behavior, awareness of circumstance]) from some previous/presumed higher level 	0 1 9
B. The cognitive <u>decline</u> in 1 or 2 occurs without clear impairment in daily functioning based on the Function Section of the Informant Interview (e.g., CDR < 1).	0 1 9

C.	Does the subject meet criteria for COGNITIVELY IMPAIRED which is a YES response to items A and B ?	0	1	9
<u>CI Pr</u>	enotype Subtypes			
		No	Yes	Not Assessed
Α.	Single Domain Amnestic: Amnestic MCI – memory impairment only	0	1	9
B.	Single Domain Non-amnestic			
	 Non-amnestic MCI – single domain (If yes, select only one domain "yes" and select all other domains "no") 	0	1	9
	a. Language	0	1	9
	b. Attention	0	1	9
	c. Executive function	0	1	9
	d. Visuospatial	0	1	9
C.	Multi-domain Amnestic			
	 Amnestic MCI – memory impairment plus one or more other domains (If yes, select two or more domains "yes" and select all other domains "no") 	0	1	9
	a. Language	0	1	9
	b. Attention	Õ	1	9
	c. Executive function	0	1	9
	d. Visuospatial	0	1	9
Р	Multi-domain Non-amnestic			
D.	1. Non-amnestic MCI – multiple domains	0	1	9
	(If yes , select two or more domains "yes" and select all other domains "no")	U	I	5
	a. Language	0	1	9
	b. Attention	0	1	9
	c. Executive function	0	1	9
	d. Visuospatial	0	1	9
<u>CI Et</u>	iological Subtypes			
			N/	Not
٨	Prodromal AD	<u>No_</u>	_Yes_	<u>Assessed</u>
A.	1. All of the following:			
	a. Presence of CI as defined above	0	1	9
	b. Cognitive dysfunction is predominantly a	U	•	U

b. Cognitive dysfunction is predominantly a deficit in recent memory/new learning ability
c. Memory deficit had insidious onset and gradual progression
d. Memory deficit has no other medical explanation
0

9

9

9

2. Does the subject meet criteria for **Prodromal AD**

which is a YES response to a through d ?		1	9
CI Etiological Subtypes (cont.)			Nat
	No	Yes	Not <u>Assessed</u>
B. Cerebrovascular CI - Post Stroke CI			
 All of the following: a. Presence of CI as defined above 	0	1	9
b. Evidence from history, clinical examination, or neuroimaging of a clinically significant			
stroke in brain region(s) which correlate with cognitive dysfunction	0	1	9
c. Presence of a clear temporal relationship between onset of the cerebrovascular			
disease and onset of cognitive dysfunction2. Does the subject meet criteria for Post Stroke	0	1	9
CI which is a YES response to a through c?	0	1	9
C. Other Cerebrovascular Disease Cl			
 All of the following: a. Presence of CI as defined above 	0	1	9
b. Evidence from history, clinical examination, or neuroimaging of clinically significant			
cerebrovascular disease which is believed to correlate with cognitive dysfunction.	0	1	9
 Does the subject meet criteria for Other Cerebrovascular Disease which is a YES response 			
to a and b ?	0	1	9
D. Medical Illness-induced CI 1. All of the following			
a. Presence of CI as defined above	0	1	9
b. Evidence from history or exam of a major medical illness which could account for	_		
the cognitive deficit d. Temporal relationship between onset of the	0	1	9
illness and onset of cognitive dysfunction 2. Does the subject meet criteria for Medical	0	1	9
Illness-induced CI which is a YES response to a through d.	0	1	9
Ū į			
E. Alcohol-induced CI1. All of the following:			
a. Presence of CI as defined aboveb. Presence in the past or currently of	0	1	9
alcohol abuse (DSM III-R criteria) c. Temporal relationship between alcohol use	0	1	9
and onset of cognitive dysfunction 2. One of the following:	0	1	9
a. If alcohol consumption has ceased, the severity of the CI has not worsened since			

		drinking cessation. b. Subject has continued to drink during the	0	1	9
0.54		past three months	0	1	9
<u>CI Eti</u>	ologica	al Subtypes (cont.)	No	Yes	Not Assessed
	3.	Does the subject meet criteria for Alcohol-induced	INU	ies	ASSESSEU
		CI which is a YES response to 1 and 2.	0	1	9
F.	Other	r Substance-induced Cl			
	1.	All of the following:			
		a. Presence of CI as defined above	0	1	9
		b. Use of a substance with potential to affect	0	4	0
		mentation (list substance) c. Temporal relationship between use of the	0	1	9
		c. Temporal relationship between use of the substance and onset of cognitive dysfunction	0	1	9
	2.	Does the subject meet criteria for Other Substance-	0		5
		Induced CI which is a YES response to a through c?	0	1	9
G.	Other	r Psychiatric Disorder Causing CI			
	1.	All of the following:			
		a. Presence of CI as defined above	0	1	9
		b. Evidence from history or exam of a			
		psychiatric illness which could account for			
		the cognitive deficit (list psychiatric illness)	0	1	9
		c. Temporal relationship between onset of the	0	1	9
		illness and onset of cognitive dysfunction	0	1	9
	2.	Does the subject meet criteria for Other Psychiatric	Ũ	•	U
		Disorder Causing CI which is a YES response to a thru c?	0	1	9
Н.	Other	r Disorder Causing CI			
	1.	All of the following:			
		a. Presence of CI as defined above	0	1	9
		b. Evidence from history or exam of a condition			
		which could account for the cognitive	0		0
		deficit (list condition)	0	1	9
		c. Temporal relationship between onset of the condition and onset of cognitive dysfunction	0	1	9
	2.	Does the subject meet criteria for Other	0	1	9
	۷.	Disorder Causing CI which is a YES response to			
		a through c?	0	1	9
Life-L	ona Co	ognitive Impairment (LLCI)			
А.		subject has a deficit in cognition which has			
		present since childhood and that has	0	1	9
	CONSIS	stently impaired his/her daily functioning.	U	I	3
	[For s	subjects with both LLCI and a superimposed			

dementia or other CI disorder, then the dementia or other CI disorder takes precedence and should be coded.]

Life-Long Cognitive Impairment (LLCI) (cont.)

<u>LIIE-L</u>	<u>-ong Cog</u>	Intive impairment (LLCI) (cont.)	<u>No</u>	Yes	Not Assessed
В.		ibtypes Mental retardation Other developmental disability	0	1	9
		(list)	0	1	9
<u>Non-</u>	Cognitive	Impairment in Daily Functioning (NCI-DF)			
A.	motor h	nent in daily living caused by a sensory or andicap or primary psychiatric disturbance sychosis or major depression)	0	1	9
В.	examin recall], motor p	line or impairment in cognition on clinical ation (e.g., memory [orientation, object language [naming, fluency], praxis [drawing, programs], executive [goal directed behavior, less of circumstance])	0	1	9
C.		es of NCI-DF			
		 Sensory handicap (All of the following:) a. A total or near total loss of a sensory modality (list sensory deficit) b. Temporal relationship between sensory deficit and onset of impairment in daily 	0	1	9
	0	living skills	0	1	9
		Motor handicap (All of the following:) a. A total or near total loss of a motor function (list motor deficit) c. Temporal relationship between motor deficit	0	1	9
		and onset of impairment in daily living skills	0	1	9
		Primary psychiatric disturbance (e.g., psychosis or major depression) (All of the following:) a. A DSM Axis I Primary psychiatric			
		 disturbance (list syndrome) b. Temporal relationship between primary psychiatric disturbance and onset of 	0	1	9
		impairment in daily living skills	0	1	9

DIAGNOSIS OF DEMENTIA ACCORDING TO THE DSM-IV-TR CRITERIA

<u></u>		No	Yes	Not Assessed
Α.	The development of multiple cognitive deficits			
	manifested by both	0	1	9
	1. Memory impairment (impaired ability to learn			
	new information or to recall previously learned			
	information)	0	1	9
	2. One (or more) of the following cognitive			
	disturbances:			
	a. aphasia (language disturbance)	0	1	9
	b. apraxia (impaired ability to carry out motor			
	activities despite intact motor function)	0	1	9
	 agnosia (failure to recognize or identify objects 			
	despite intact sensory function)	0	1	9
	 disturbance in executive functioning 			
	(i.e., planning, organizing, sequencing,			
	abstracting)	0	1	9
В.	The cognitive deficits in Criteria A1 and A2 each cause significant			
	impairment in social or occupational functioning and represent a			
	significant decline from a previous level of functioning.	0	1	9
C.	Not occurring exclusively during the course of			
	delirium.	0	1	9
D.	Either (1) or (2):			
	 There is evidence from the history, physical 			
	examination, or laboratory tests of a specific			
	organic factor (or factors) judged to be			
	etiologically related to the disturbance.	0	1	9
	2. In the absence of such evidence, an etiologic			
	Organic factor can be presumed if the disturbance			
	cannot be accounted for by any nonorganic mental			
	disorder, e.g. major Depression, accounting for			
	cognitive impairment.	0	1	9

CONCLUSIONS ACCORDING TO DSM-IV-TR CRITERIA

DEMENTIA	0 No	0 No 1 Yes 9 Insu	
If YES	, specify the SEVE	ERITY	
mild:	0 No	1 Yes	9 Insufficient data
moder	ate: 0 No	1 Yes	9 Insufficient data
severe	e: 0 No	1 Yes	9 Insufficient data

DIAGNOSIS OF DEMENTIA ACCORDING TO THE ICD-10 CRITERIA

A.	Evide	ence of a dementia based on the presence of each of the following:	<u>No_</u>	_Yes	Not <u>Assessed</u>
	1.	Decline in memory which causes impaired functioning in daily living.	0	1	9
		If YES, specify the degree of the impairment:			
		mild:	0	1	9
		moderate:	0	1	9
		severe:	0	1	9
	2.	Decline in intellectual abilities characterized by deterioration in thinking and in the processing of information of a degree such that it leads to impaired functioning in daily living.	0	1	9
		If YES, specify the degree of the impairment:			
		mild:	0	1	9
		moderate:	0	1	9
		severe:	0	1	9
В.	Abse	ence of clouding of consciousness	0	1	9
C.		rioration in emotional control, social behavior otivation:	0	1	9
D.		rbances at point A have clearly been present least 6 months.	0	1	9
	DEM	CONCLUSIONS ACCORDING TO ICD-10 CRITERIA ENTIA 0 No 1 Yes 9 Insufficient data	<u>4</u>		

ta
ta

severe:

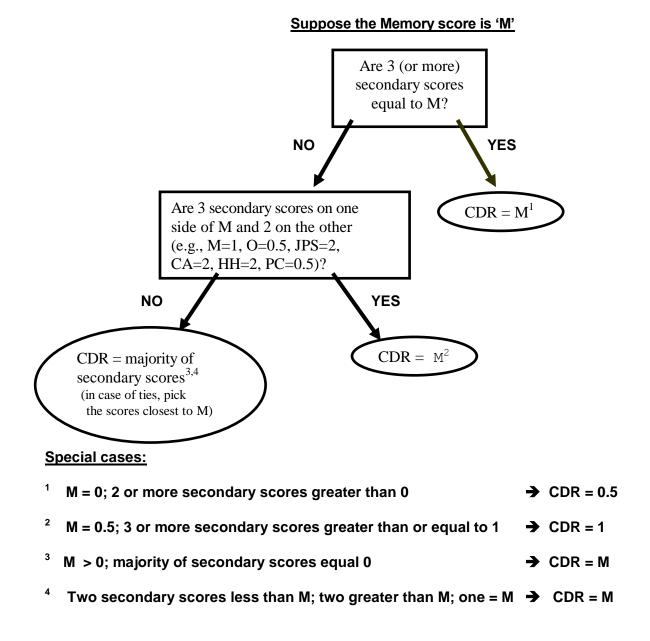
0 No

8

CDR (Clinical Dementia Rating)

The global staging of dementia is based upon the Washington University Clinical Dementia Rating (CDR) instrument. In this scale, the clinician uses all available information to rate the subject's performance in each of six cognitive categories: Memory(M), Orientation(O), Judgement and Problem Solving(JPS), Community Affairs(CA), Home and Hobbies(HH), and Personal Care(PC). However, Memory is the primary category; all others are secondary. If aphasia is a serious complication and interferes with accurate staging of the illness, appendix A may be useful.

To assign a CDR score, use the following flowchart.



CDR Staging

		-	Judgement and	Community	Home and	Personal
None (0)	Memory No memory loss or slight, inconstant forgetfulness	Orientation Fully oriented	Problem Solving Solves everyday problems well; judgement good in relation to past performance	Affairs Independent function at usual level in job, shop-ping, business and financial affairs, volunteer and social groups	Hobbies Life at home, hobbies, intellectual interests well maintained	Care Fully capable of self care
Questionable (0.5)	Consistent slight forget- fulness; partial recollection of events; "benign forgetfulness	Fully oriented Except for slight difficulty with time relationships	Slight impairment in solving problems, similarities, differences	Slight impairment in these activities	Life at home hobbies, intellectual interests slightly impaired	Fully capable of self care
Mild (1)	Moderate memory loss; more marked for recent events; defect interferes with everyday activities	Moderate difficulty with time relation- ships; oriented for place at examination; may have geographic disorientation elsewhere	Moderate difficulty in handling problems, similarities, differences; social judgement usually maintained	Unable to function inde- pendently at these activities though may still be engaged in some; appears normal to casual inspection	Mild but definite impairment of function at home; more difficult chores abandoned; more comp- licated hobbies and interests abandoned	Needs prompting
Moderate (2)	Severe memory loss; only highly learned material retained; new material rapidly lost	Severe difficulty with time relationships; usually disoriented in time, often to place	Severely impaired in handling problems, similarities, differences: social judgement usually impaired	No pretense of independent function outside home. Appears well enough to be taken to functions outside family home	Only simple chores preserved, very restricted interests, poorly sustained	Requires assistance in dressing, hygiene, keeping of personal effects
Severe (3)	Severe memory loss; only fragments remain	Oriented to person only	Unable to make judgements or solve problems	No pretense of independent function outside home. Appears too ill to be taken to fun- ctions outside family home	No significant function in home	Requires much help with personal care; frequent incontinence
Subitem scores						
Although rules for assigning CDR stages beyond CDR 3 have not been established, the following have been proposed to distinguish additional levels of impairment in advanced dementia:Profound (4)Speech usually unintelligible or irrelevant; unable to follow simple instructions or comprehend commands; Occasionally recognizes spouse or caregiver. Uses fingers more than utensils, requires much assistance. Frequently incontinent despite assistance or training. Able to walk a few steps with help; usually chair-bound; rarely out of home or residence; purposeless movements often present. No response or comprehension. No recognition. Needs to be fed, may have NG tube and/or swallowing difficulties. Total incontinence. Bedridden. Unable to sit or stand, contractures.						
De	nt Staging of ementia: gorithm on previous	0.5 =>U s page) c	lo Dementia Incertain or deferred diagnosis Mild Dementia	2 => Modera 3 => Severe 4 => Profour 5 => Termina	Dementia Id Dementia	

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DIAGNOSIS OF DEMENTIA SUBTYPES

PROBABLE AD (from McKhann et al. Neurology 1984; 34: 939-944)

1. The criteria for this diagnosis are:

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				Not
			No	Yes	Assessed
	a. Meets DSM-IV-TR criteria for dementia		0	1	9
	b. Gradual onset and progression of cognitive		0	1	9
	deficits for a period of at least six months				
	c. Absence of altered consciousness		0	1	9
	d. Absence of other disorders contributing to		0	1	9
	dementia				
2.	Does the subject meet all of the above criteria for		0	1	9
	this diagnosis (i.e. a YES response to items a				
	through e)?				
	•				
1.	The criteria for this diagnosis are: a. Meets DSM-IV-TR criteria for dementia		0	4	0
			0	1	9
			0	1	9
	Atypical onset (list)		0 0	1 1	9 9
	Atypical AD presentation If yes, please specify:		0	I	9
	Major aphasia		0	1	9
	Major agnosia/visual perceptive symptoms		0	1	9
	Major apraxia		0	1	9
	Major behavioral disability or psychotic		0	I	9
	manifestations		0	1	9
)	0	1	9
	Other (list) Atypical course (list)	/	0	1	9
	c. Absence of other disorders contributing to		0	1	9
	dementia		U		0
2.	Does the subject meet all of the criteria for this		0	1	9
	diagnosis (i.e., a YES response to items a through c)?		Ũ	•	Ũ
POSSIBLE A	•				
1.	The criteria for this diagnosis are:		•		•
	a. Meets DSM-IV-TR criteria for dementia		0	1	9
	b. Typical AD presentation		0	1	9
	c. Presence of other systemic or brain disorder		0	1	9
	sufficient to produce dementia but not considered				
	to be the cause of dementia in this subject				
	If yes, list	_			
2.	Does the subject meet all of the criteria for this		0	1	9
۷.	diagnosis (i.e., a YES response to items a through c)?		0	1	0

VASCULAR DEMENTIA (from Roman et al Neurology 1993; 43:250-260)			
1. Meets DSM-IV-TR criteria for dementia	0	1	9
2. Core Features			
a. Cerebrovascular disease (defined by the presence			
of focal signs on neurologic examination, such as hemiparesis, lower facial weakness, Babinski sign,			
sensory deficit, hemianopia, and dysarthria consistent			
with stroke (with or without history of stroke)	0	1	9
b. Evidence of relevant CVD by brain imaging (CT or MRI) including:			
Multiple large vessel infarcts; a single strategically placed infarct;			
multiple basal ganglia and white matter lacunes; extensive periventricular	0	4	0
white matter lesions; or combinations thereof	0	1	9
c. A relationship between the above two disorders, manifested or inferred by			
the presence of one or more of the following:			
i. Onset of dementia within 3 months following a			
recognized stroke; or ii. Abrupt deterioration in cognitive functions; or			
fluctuating, stepwise progression of cognitive deficits	0	1	9
	-		-
3. Probable Vascular Dementia (each of "a", "b", and "c" below required)			
a. DSM-IV dementia	0	1	
 b. YES to 2a, 2b, and 2c c. YES to 3a and 3b 	0 0	1 1	
	0		
4. Possible Vascular Dementia ("a" and either "b" or "c" or "d" below)			
a. DSM-IV dementia	0	1	
b. YES to 2a but brain imaging studies are not available.	0	1	
 YES to 2a but absence of a clear temporal relationship between dementia and stroke 	0	1	
d. YES to 2b but subtle onset and variable course (plateau or improvement)	0	I	
of cognitive deficits	0	1	
THE DEMENTIA SYNDROME OF DEPRESSION 1. The criteria for the diagnosis are:			Not
1. The criteria for the diagnosis are:	No	Yes	Assessed
a. Meets DSM-IV criteria for dementia.	0	1	9
b. During the two weeks prior to examination,	0	1	9
subject has experienced daily 5 or more			
depression symptoms	0	4	0
c. Onset or worsening of dementia temporally related to depression	0	1	9
d. Depression considered to be sufficiently severe	0	1	9
to cause most of subject's cognitive impairment	-	-	-
2. Does the subject meet all of the criteria for this	0	1	9
diagnosis (i.e., a YES response to items a through d)?			

III. DRUG-RELATED DEMENTIA

Α.	PROBABLE ADVERSE COGNITIVE EFFECTS OF DRUGS OR OTHER SUBSTANCES						
1.	 The criteria for the diagnosis are: a. Meets DSM-IV criteria for dementia. b. A history of use of psychoactive substances during the six months prior to this evaluation which resulted in two or more of the clinical manifestations listed in clinical history 	0 0	1 1	9 9			
	c. Mental changes developed during the use of the substance or within six weeks of the cessation of its use.	0	1	9			
2.	Does the subject meet all of the criteria for this diagnosis (i.e., a YES response to items a through c)?	0	1	9			
B. 1.	POSSIBLE ADVERSE COGNITIVE EFFECTS OF DRUGS OR OTHER SUBSTANCES The criteria for this diagnosis are:						
••	a. A YES answer to a and c above;	0	1	9			
	 b. History of psychoactive substances during the six months prior to this evaluation, which resulted in one of the clinical manifestations listed in clinical history 	0	1	9			
2.	Does the subject meet all of the criteria for this diagnosis (i.e., a YES answer to items a and b)?	0	1	9			
IV. A.	ALCOHOL-RELATED DEMENTIA PROBABLE ALCOHOLIC DEMENTIA						
1.	The criteria for this diagnosis are:						
	a. Meets DSM-IV criteria for dementia.	0	1	9			
	 History of heavy prolonged use of alcohol sufficient to meet DSM-III-R criteria for alcohol dependence 	0	1	9			
	c. Presence of dementia during drinking and for at least three months after cessation of alcohol intake	0	1	9			
	d. The severity of the dementia has not worsened since drinking cessation	0	1	9			
2.	Does the subject meet all of the criteria for this diagnosis (i.e., a YES response to items a through d)?	0	1	9			
В.	POSSIBLE ALCOHOLIC DEMENTIA						
1.	The criteria for this diagnosis are:	0		0			
	a. A YES response to items a through c above	0	1	9			
	b. Subject has continued to drink in the past three months	0	1	9			
2.	Does the subject meet all of the criteria for this diagnosis (i.e., a YES response to items a and b)?	0	1	9			

All subjects with this diagnosis must have completed neurological evaluation for alcoholism.

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V. A.	DEMENTIA SYNDROME OF PARKINSON'S DISEASE PROBABLE PARKINSON'S DEMENTIA					
1.	The criteria for this diagnosis are:					
	a. Meets DSM-IV criteria for dementia.	0	1	9		
	b. Absence within previous six months of	0	1	9		
	medications capable of inducing extrapyramidal side effects					
	c. An established temporal relationship between	0	1	9		
	Parkinson's disease and dementia, i.e., onset					
	of Parkinson's disease occurred one year or					
	more before dementia was recognized					
	d. At least two of the four major extrapyramidal	0	1	9		
	signs were found on examination, with a severity					
	of 2 or greater					
2.	Does the subject meet all of the criteria for this	0	1	9		
	diagnosis (i.e., a YES response to items a through d)?					
В.	POSSIBLE PARKINSON'S DEMENTIA					
1.	The criteria for this diagnosis are:					
	a. Meets DSM-IV criteria for dementia.	0	1	9		
	 Absence within previous six months of medication 	0	1	9		
	capable of inducing extrapyramidal side effects					
	c. An established temporal relationship between	0	1	9		
	Parkinson's disease and dementia; i.e., onset					
	of Parkinson's disease occurred one year or					
	more before dementia was recognized					
	d. Only one of the four major extrapyramidal signs	0	1	9		
	were found on examination, with a severity of					
	2 or greater	_		-		
	e. Two or more of the minor signs of extra-	0	1	9		
	pyramidal dysfunction were found on examination,					
-	with a severity rating of 2 or greater			-		
2.	Does the subject meet all of the criteria for this	0	1	9		
	diagnosis (i.e., a YES response to items a through e)?					
VI. D	ementia with Lewy Bodies (DLB). From McKeith et al. <u>Neurology</u> 2005; 65	: 1863-18 ⁻	72.			
1. M	eets DSM-IV criteria for dementia. (Note: Memory	0	1	9		
	loss need not be prominent early; deficits in attention, executive,					
	and/or visuospatial abilities may be prominent early.)					
<u> </u>						
2. Core Features a. Fluctuating cognition with pronounced 0						
variations in attention and alertness. b. Recurrent visual hallucinations that are typically well formed and detailed.				9		
				9		
				Э		
c. Spontaneous features of parkinsonism. Onset of 0						
	parkinsonism should not precede the onset of	U	1	9		
parkinsonism should not precede the onset of						

dementia by more than 12 months (if motor
findings precede dementia by more than 12
months, consider PD dementia).

3.	Suggestive Features a. REM sleep behavior disorder b. Severe neuroleptic sensitivity c. Low dopamine transporter uptake in basal ganglia on SPECT or PET	0 0 0	1 1 1	9 9 9
4.	 Probable DLB (either "a" or "b" below qualifies) a. DSM-IV dementia and at least 2 Core Features present b. DSM-IV dementia and at least 1 Core Feature and 1 Suggestive Feature present 	0 0	1 1	9 9
5.	Possible DLB (either "a" or "b" below qualifies) a. DSM-IV dementia and only 1 Core Feature present b. DSM-IV dementia and at least 1 Suggestive Feature present	0 0	1 1	9 9

VII. OTHER DEMENTING DISORDERS (and conditions that may be confused with dementia). Encircle the appropriate item(s) below and give the basis for diagnosis in space provided below:

A.	Thyroid disease
B.	B-12 deficiency
C.	Creutzfeld-Jakob disease
D.	Head Trauma
E.	Down Syndrome
F.	Mental Retardation
G.	Psychiatric disorder (Other than depression)
H.	Pick's disease
I.	Huntington's disease

- J. HIV
- K. Extrapyramidal disorders (e.g., progressive supranuclear palsy (PSP), Shy-Drager, striatal nigral degeneration)
- L. Other neurologic, medical diagnosis (e.g., brain tumor, multiple sclerosis, metabolic disease, CNS infection, normal pressure hydrocephalus, etc.)

M. Non-specific dementia _____

DELIRIUM/CONFUSION

1.	The cr	iteria for this diagnosis are:	<u>No</u>	_Yes_		Not Assessed
	a.	Impairment of consciousness (i.e., reduced clarity of awareness of the environment) with reduced ability to focus, sustain or shift attention.	()	1	9
	b.	Changes in cognitive (such as memory deficit, disorientation, language disturbance, perceptual disturbance) that are not better accounted for by a pre-existing, established or evolving dementia.	()	1	9
	C.	The disturbance develops over a short period of time (usually hours to days) and tends to fluctuate over the course of the day.	()	1	9
	d.	There is evidence from the history, physical examination, or laboratory findings of a medical condition judged to be etiologically related to the disturbance.	()	1	9
	e.	There is evidence from the history, physical examination or laboratory findings of substance use and the symptoms developed during intoxication with or withdrawal from the substance.	()	1	9
2.	diagno	he subject meet all the criteria for this sis (i.e., a YES answer to items a, b, c her d or e)?	()	1	9

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